Comments and Explanatory Notes to the Draft Conversion Matrix

- * For the BOP and IIP, the conversion matrix matches the standard components and additional details of BPM5 to the standard components and selected other items of BPM6; see:
- BPM5 Balance of Payments: Standard Components, p. 43 48;
- BPM5 Tables 7 and 8, Balance of Payments: Standard Components and Additional Detail;
- BPM5 International Investment Position: Standard Components, p. 108 111;
- BPM5 Table 9, International Investment Position: Standard Components and Additional Detail;
- BPM6 Appendix 9 Standard Components and Selected Other Items.
- * The Comments column of the conversion matrix provides further explanation and information regarding the changes between BPM5 and BPM6. To enhance clarity, the titles of BPM5 standard components are shown in italics in the comments.
- * The conversion matrix follows the Standard Components and Selected Other Items of BPM6. In a number of cases the order of the BPM5 items has been adjusted to facilitate the linking.
- * In the conversion matrix, the corresponding items of BPM5 and BPM6 are linked via arrows. To reduce confusion, in cases where non-related arrows cross, different fonts have been selected for the crossing arrows.
- * In cases where the BPM5 item is broken down in BPM6, split arrows are used to link all new items to the old one. Split arrows are also used when BPM6 shows not only the original BPM5 item, but also an 'of which' item thereof that was not included in BPM5. For the sake of clarity, in those cases different fonts are used to distinguish the 'of which' item.

BPM6 CHANGES IN TREATMENT OR CLASSIFICATIONS				
		BOP Account Items		
BPM6 Balance of Payments: Standard Components and Selected Other Items Items in italic are supplementary	Remapping	BPM5 Balance of Payments: Standard Components and Additional Detail Items in italic are supplementary	Comments on Change in Treatment or Clarification	
Current account		1. Current account		
Goods and services (P6/P7)		A. Goods and services		
Goods (P61/P71)		a. Goods	* In BPM6, Goods for processing and Repairs on goods are recorded under Services, unlike BPM5 where these items were recorded under goods.	
General merchandise on a balance of payments basis Of which Re-exports	1	1. General merchandise	* BPM6 includes a reconciliation table to show the relationship between merchandise trade statistics and goods on a BOP basis; see BPM6 Table 10.2.	
			* In BPM6, migrants personal effects are not classified as transactions as in BPM5 and so are no longer included in goods, nor elsewhere in the international accounts; see BPM6 10.22 (b).	
			* In <i>BPM6</i> , goods bought abroad for own use or to give away that exceed customs thresholds are included in general merchandise; see <i>BPM6 10.20</i> . In <i>BPM5</i> , these goods are recorded in travel; see <i>BPM5 212</i> and 250.	
	\	4. Goods procured in ports by carriers	* In <i>BPM6</i> , general merchandise includes goods procured in ports, which in <i>BPM5</i> is separately classified; see <i>BPM6 10.17(d)</i> .	
			* Unlike in <i>BPM5</i> , Re-exports, that is goods produced in other economies and previously imported, which are exported without a substantial transformation, should be separately recorded if they are a significant proportion of exports; see <i>BPM6 10.37 - 10.40</i> .	
Net exports of goods under merchanting Goods acquired under merchanting (negative exports) Goods sold under merchanting	•	9. Other business services 9.1 Merchanting and other trade-related services (partly; see below for other trade-related services) 1. **Trade-related services** 1. **Trade-related services** 1. **Trade-related services** 1. **Trade-related services** 2. **Trade-related services** 3. **Trade-related services** 3. **Trade-related services** 4. **Trade-related services** 5. **Trade-related services** 9. **Trade-related services** 1. **Trade-related services** 1. **Trade-related services** 1. **Trade-related services** 1. **Trade-related services** 2. **Trade-related services** 3. **Trade-related services** 3. **Trade-related services** 4. **Trade-related services** 1. **Trade-related services** 2. **Trade-related services** 3. **Trade-related services** 3. **Trade-related services** 3. **Trade-related services** 4. **Trade-related services** 4. **Trade-related services** 5. **Trade-related services** 6. **Trade-related services** 1. **Trade-related services** 1. **Trade-related services** 1. **Trade-related services** 2. **Trade-related services** 3. **Trade-related services** 4. **Trade-related services** 4. **Trade-related services** 5. **Trade-related services** 6. **Trade-related services** 1. **Trade-related services** 1. **Trade-related services** 1. **Trade-related services** 2. **Trade-related services** 3. **Trade-related services** 4. **Trade-related services** 5. **Trade-related services** 6. **Trade-related servi	* Merchanting of goods is included under exports of goods (both gross/net); see BPM6 10.41-10.49. In BPM5, merchanting a is included in 9.1 Merchanting and other trade-related services. When these goods are kept in inventories from one period to the next, BPM5 recommends that the purchases are booked as imports, and the subsequent sales as negative imports of goods. In that case, any difference between the value of the goods when acquired and relinquished is entered under Merchanting and other trade-related services; see BPM5 207, 213 and 262. In BPM6, the acquisition of the good is classified as a negative goods export of the economy of the merchant, and the sale is a positive goods export, with the difference between sales and purchases recorded as 'net exports of goods under merchanting'.	
Nonmonetary gold	•	5. Nonmonetary gold 5.1 Held as a store of value 5.2 Other (partly)		
Services (P72/P82)		3.2 Other (partry)		
Manufacturing services on physical inputs owned by others Goods for processing in reporting economy – Goods returned (CR), Goods received (DR) Goods for processing abroad - Goods sent (CR), Goods returned (DR)	•	2. Goods for processing	* In BPM6, the fee received for the processing services rendered is included in Manufacturing services on physical inputs owned by others; gross reporting is supplementary; see BPM6 10.62 - 10.71. In BPM5, goods sent abroad for manufacturing services are included in Goods for processing and a simultaneous change of ownership is imputed, except under certain circumstances; see BPM5 199. In BPM6, imputed financial account entries for trade credit required by the imputed flows for 'goods for processing' are no longer needed.	
Maintenance and repair services n.i.e.		3. Repairs on goods 1.3.3. Other modes of transport / Other (partly)	*The <i>BPM5</i> item <i>Repairs on goods</i> has been renamed in Maintenance and repair services n.i.e Unlike <i>BPM5</i> , this item is included under services, rather than goods. It comprises Maintenance of transport equipment, which was recorded in <i>Other transport</i> , <i>other</i> in <i>BPM5</i> ; see <i>BPM6</i> 10.72 - 10.73 and <i>BPM5</i> 200 and 240.	

BPM6 CHANGES IN TREATMENT OR CLASSIFICATIONS				
		BOP Account Items		
BPM6 Balance of Payments: Standard Components and Selected Other Items Items in italic are supplementary	Remapping	BPM5 Balance of Payments: Standard Components and Additional Detail Items in italic are supplementary	Comments on Change in Treatment or Clarification	
Services (P72/P82) (continued)		rtems in italic are supplementary		
Transport*1		1. Transportation	* Transport services is renamed (BPM5: Transportation) in line with the CPC; see BPM6 10.61.	
Sea transport Passenger Of which: payable by border, seasonal, and other short-term workers Freight Other		1.1 Sea transport 1.1.1 Passenger 1.1.2 Freight 1.1.3 Other	* This supplementary item is needed for the compilation of Personal remittances; see <i>BPM6</i> 12.27 (a) and <i>App. 5</i> .	
Air transport Passenger Of which: payable by border, seasonal, and other short-term workers Freight Other	-	1.2 Air transport 1.2.1 Passenger 1.2.2 Freight 1.2.3 Other	* This supplementary item is needed for the compilation of Personal remittances; see <i>BPM6</i> 12.27 (a) and <i>App. 5</i> .	
Other modes of transport Passenger Of which: payable by border, seasonal, and other short-term workers Freight Other		1.3 Other transport 1.3.1 Passenger 1.3.2 Freight 1.3.3 Other (partly)	* This supplementary item is needed for the compilation of Personal remittances; see <i>BPM6</i> 12.27 (a) and <i>App. 5</i> . * In <i>BPM5</i> , 1.3.3 Other transport / Other includes maintenance of transport equipment; see <i>BPM5</i> 240. In <i>BPM6</i> , maintenance of transport equipment is included under Maintenance and repair services n.i.e.; see <i>BPM6</i> 10.72.	
Postal and courier services		Communications services (partly)	* In <i>BPM5</i> , postal and courier services is included in <i>Services</i> , <i>3. Communication Services</i> . In <i>BPM6</i> , it is included in services / transport; see <i>BPM6</i> 10.74, 10.82 - 10.85.	
For all modes of transport*2 Passenger Of which: payable by border, seasonal, and other short-term workers Freight Other			* This supplementary item is needed for the compilation of Personal remittances; see <i>BPM6</i> 12.27 (a) and <i>App. 5</i> .	
Travel Business Acquisition of goods and services by border, seasonal, and other short-term workers Other		2. Travel 2.1 Business	* This supplementary item is needed for the compilation of Personal remittances; see <i>BPM6</i> 12.27 (a) and <i>App. 5</i> .	

BPM6 CHANGES IN TREATMENT OR CLASSIFICATIONS				
BPM6 Balance of Payments:	Remapping	BOP Account Items BPM5 Balance of Payments:	Comments on Change in Treatment or Clarification	
Standard Components and Selected Other Items	Kemapping	Standard Components and Additional	Comments on Change in Freatment of Charmeaton	
Standard Components and Selected Other Items		Detail		
Items in italic are supplementary		Items in italic are supplementary		
Services (P72/P82) (continued)				
Personal		2.2 Personal	* The recording of alternative time-share arrangements (either as direct investment or other	
Health-related Education-related Other	-	2.2.1 Health-related 2.2.2 Education-related	investment / trade credit, with periodic counterflows in accommodation services in travel) is explained; see <i>BPM6 10.100</i> and <i>Table 10.3. BPM5</i> does not discuss time-share arrangements, but the description in <i>BPM6</i> is in line with the general principles of <i>BPM5</i> .	
		2.2.3 Other	* In BPM6, goods bought abroad for own use or to give away that exceed customs thresholds are included in general merchandise; see BPM6 10.20. In BPM5, these goods are included in travel.	
For both business and personal travel Goods			This supplementary breakdown of travel allows for closer links with tourism satellite accounts as well as supply and use tables <i>BPM6 10.95</i> .	
Local transport services				
Accommodation services				
Food-serving services				
Other services				
Of which				
Health services Education services				
Construction	1.	4. Construction services	* The separate items Construction abroad and Construction in the reporting economy are	
Construction abroad *3		9. Other business services (partly)	introduced as supplementary items; see <i>BPM6 10.105 - 10.106</i> . In <i>BPM6</i> , expenditures by	
Construction in the reporting economy *3			nonresident construction enterprises on local supplies are included in Construction services; see <i>BPM6 10.102</i> . In <i>BPM5</i> , they are part of Other business services (see <i>BPM5 254</i>). As in <i>BPM5</i> , goods and services provided from the home economy of the enterprise (resident-to-resident transactions) should be excluded from general merchandise and/or services of the local economy. Other than in <i>BPM5</i> , goods and services acquired from third economies are recorded under general merchandise and/or services for the economy of the enterprise; see <i>BPM6 10.102</i> .	
Insurance and pension services*1	——	5. Insurance services	* In BPM6, premium supplements are taken into account in deriving insurance services; see	
Direct insurance			BPM6 10.111 and Appendix 6c. BPM5 accepts ignoring these flows on practical grounds; see BPM5 257. In BPM6, reinsurance and direct insurance are treated consistently; see BPM6	
Reinsurance Auxiliary insurance services			10.111, whereas BPM5 recommends recording the balance of all flows between resident	
Pension and standardized guaranteed services			insurers and nonresident reinsurers (and vice versa) in services; see <i>BPM5 257</i> . In contrast to <i>BPM5</i> , the estimate of insurance claims used to derive the value of insurance services may be adjusted to take account of claim volatility; see <i>BPM6 10.114 (c)</i> .	
Financial services	-	6. Financial services	* Financial dealers' implicit charges via margins are included under financial services; see	
Explicitly charged and other financial services			BPM6 10.119. In BPM5, implicit margins are not discussed separately and may therefore be included in the financial flows. In BPM6, services of asset-holding entities to their owners, where asset management costs are taken out of income, are included in financial services; see BPM6 10.124. In BPM5, these costs are not discussed separately and may therefore be included in investment income.	
Financial intermediation services indirectly measured (FISIM)	4	B.2 Investment income (partly) Financial intermediation charge indirectly measured	* BPM6 recognizes FISIM on loans and deposits when those loans and deposits are provided by, or deposited with, financial corporations (as defined in BPM6 4.63 - 4.64); see BPM6 10.127. In BPM6, FISIM can be attributed to interest on loans and deposits in direct investment, other investment, and reserve assets, but not portfolio investment. In BPM5, FISIM is not recognized in Financial services; see BPM5 508.	

BPM6 CHANGES IN TREATMENT OR CLASSIFICATIONS				
		BOP Account Items		
BPM6 Balance of Payments: Standard Components and Selected Other Items Items in italic are supplementary	Remapping	BPM5 Balance of Payments: Standard Components and Additional Detail Items in italic are supplementary	Comments on Change in Treatment or Clarification	
Services (P72/P82) (continued)				
Charges for the use of intellectual property n.i.e.*1		8. Royalties and license fees	*BPM6 uses the title Charges for the use of intellectual property instead of Royalties and license fees in BPM5. It includes charges for the use of (i) franchises and trademarks, like in BPM5; and (ii) the outcomes of R&D. In BPM6, as in BPM5, outright purchases/sales of franchises and trademarks are recorded in the capital account. Charges for the use of intellectual property also includes licenses to reproduce and/or distribute (i) software; and (ii) audiovisual and related services; (BPM5 is not explicit on the recording of licenses to reproduce and/or distribute). See BPM6 10.137 - 10.140 and Table 10.4.	
Telecommunications, computer, and information services *1 Telecommunications services	•	3. Communications services (partly)	* In BPM6, a grouping of telecommunications, computer, and information services is introduced (see BPM6 10.141). This includes the following BPM5 items: (i) 3. Communications services (except postal and courier services, which are recorded under Transport in BPM6); and (ii) 7. Computer and information services.	
Computer services Information services		7. Computer and information services	* In BPM6, Computer services includes (i) licenses to use software; and (ii) outright purchases/sales of software. Computer services does not include (i) licenses to reproduce and/or distribute software (see Charges for use of intellectual property; BPM6 10.137 (b)); and (ii) transactions in non-customized (mass-produced) software provided on physical media with right to perpetual use, which need to be recorded under goods (the latter is not a change, but clarification to BPM5). See BPM6 10.143 and Table 10.4.	
Other business services*1		9. Other business services		
Research and development services	▼	Capital and Financial Account A.2. Acquisition/disposal of nonproduced, nonfinancial assets (partly)	* In BPM6, the results of R&D are considered produced assets. Outright purchases and sales of the results of R&D are therefore recorded under Research and development services; see BPM6 10.147 - 10.148. In BPM5, sales and purchases of the results of R&D are recorded in the capital account / nonproduced nonfinancial assets; see BPM5 358. In BPM6, charges for the use of the outcomes of R&D are included in Charges for the use of intellectual property. In BPM5, the provision of R&D services is included under 9.3 Miscellaneous business, professional, and technical services; see BPM5 264.	
Professional and management consulting services Technical, trade-related, and other business services		9.1 Merchanting and other trade-related 9.2 Operational leasing services 9.3 Miscellaneous business, professional, and technical services	* In <i>BPM6</i> , merchanting is recorded under Goods / Net exports of goods under merchanting, unlike services in <i>BPM5</i> ; see <i>BPM6 10.41 - 10.49</i> .	
Personal, cultural, and recreational services*1		10. Personal, cultural, and recreational services		
Audiovisual and related services	•	10.1 Audiovisual and related services	* In <i>BPM6</i> , Audiovisual and related services, and Other personal, cultural and recreational services include (i) licenses to use the products; and (ii) outright purchases/sales. Audiovisual and related services do not include (i) licenses to reproduce and/or distribute (see Charges for the use of intellectual property); and (ii) transactions in non-customized (mass-produced) products provided on disks, etc., which need to be recorded under goods (this is not a change, but clarification to <i>BPM5</i>). See <i>BPM6 10.162 - 10.166</i> and <i>Table 10.4</i> .	

	BPM6 CHANGES IN TREATMENT OR CLASSIFICATIONS BOP Account Items			
BPM6 Balance of Payments:	Remapping		Comments on Change in Treatment or Clarification	
Standard Components and Selected Other Items		Standard Components and Additional		
V V. P.		Detail		
Items in italic are supplementary		Items in italic are supplementary		
Services (P72/P82) (continued)				
Other personal, cultural, and recreational services	•		* BPM6 describes the service charge of lotteries and gambling as the margin between the gambling charges and the winnings payable by the operator. The service charge is included under Other personal, cultural, and recreational services; see BPM6 10.170. Winnings payable between the operator and the participants are recorded under Personal transfers; see BPM6 12.25 - 12.26. BPM5 only discusses the recording of gambling in terms of Other current transfers; see BPM5 303. Gambling by visitors abroad (not discussed in BPM5) is to be included in travel; see BPM6 10.88.	
Government goods and services n.i.e.*1 Tourism-related services in travel and passenger transport		11. Government services n.i.e.	This supplementary item allows for a link with tourism satellite accounts as well as supply and use tables <i>BPM6 10.95</i> .	

Primary income: General Comments

- * The term *Primary income* is introduced to be consistent with the *SNA 2008*; see *BPM6 11.1*. Rent and Taxes/subsidies on products and production are explicitly included in primary income; see *BPM6 Tables 11.1*, 11.2, and 11.3.
- * Compensation of employees. The employer-employee relationship is clarified to distinguish between compensation of employees and payment for services in BPM6 11.12. This is a clarification to BPM5 and in accordance with its general principles. Yet, it may result in reclassifications involving compensation of employees and services.
- * Dividends. In BPM6, dividends are recorded when the shares go ex dividend; see BPM6 3.48; in BPM5: when payable; see BPM5 282, 284. Withdrawals of income from quasicorporations are recorded when withdrawn, consistent with BPM5 principles; see BPM6 11.31. BPM6 describes superdividends, which should be recorded as withdrawals of equity, not primary income; see BPM6, 11.27. The term 'superdividends' is not discussed in BPM5, but the treatment in BPM6 is in line with the general principals of BPM5 (notably liquidating dividends; see BPM5 290). In BPM6, the title Income from quasicorporations replaces the BPM5 term Distributed branch profits; see BPM6 11.26. Adjustments for transfer pricing (which may result in a counterentry in dividends or equity flows) are clarified; see BPM6 11.101 11.102. This clarification is not a change from BPM5; see BPM5 97 103.
- * Interest. In BPM6, interest income is adjusted to show 'pure' interest, i.e. the FISIM component is included in Financial services; see BPM6 11.74 75. BPM6 recognizes FISIM on loans and deposits when those loans and deposits are provided by, or deposited with, financial corporations (as defined in BPM6 4.64); see BPM6 10.127. FISIM can be attributed to interest on loans and deposits in direct investment income, other investment income, and reserve assets, but not portfolio investment. BPM5 does not recognize FISIM; see BPM5 par. 258, note 7. Nonetheless, it is included as additional detail in BPM5 Table 7 to allow reconciliation with the SNA.
- * Reserve assets. In BPM6, income on reserve assets is identified separately. If not available for publication, income from reserve assets may be included in other investment / interest; see BPM6 11.109. In BPM5, income on reserve assets is included in other investment income; see BPM5 281.
- * Fees on securities lending and gold loans. In BPM6, fees on securities lending and gold loans are clarified and treated as interest if the fees accrue to the owner lending these assets (see BPM6 11.67 11.68) with the counter-entry in other accounts receivable/payable; see BPM6 5.73. BPM5 does not discuss these fees explicitly. As in BPM5, fees payable to custodians etc. for the administrative services associated with the lending are recorded in Financial services.

Primary income		B. Income		
Compensation of employees (D1)	•	Compensation of employees	* See Primary income, general comments: compensation of employees.	
Investment income		2. Investment income		
Direct investment		2.1 Direct investment	* Unlike in BPM5, direct investment income is broken down by type of FDI relationships; see	
Income on equity and investment fund shares		2.1.1 Income on equity	BPM6 6.37.	
Dividends and withdrawals from income of quasi-		2.1.1.1 Dividends and	* See Primary income, general comments: dividends from direct investment.	
corporations (D42D)		distributed branch profits		
Direct investor in direct investment enterprises				
Direct investment enterprises in direct investor				
(reverse investment)				

BPM6 CHANGES IN TREATMENT OR CLASSIFICATIONS				
	1 /	BOP Account Items		
BPM6 Balance of Payments: Standard Components and Selected Other Items Items in italic are supplementary	Remapping	BPM5 Balance of Payments: Standard Components and Additional Detail Items in italic are supplementary	Comments on Change in Treatment or Clarification	
Primary income (continued)		B. Income		
Between fellow enterprises if ultimate controlling parent is resident if ultimate controlling parent is nonresident if ultimate controlling parent is unknown				
Reinvested earnings (D43D) Investment income attributable to policyholders in insurance, pension schemes, and standardized guarantees, and to investment fund shareholders (D44D)		2.1.1.2 Reinvested earnings and undistributed branch profits	* In BPM6, the title Reinvested earnings replaces the BPM5 term Reinvested earnings and undistributed branch profits, without changing the substance of the item.	
of which: Investment income attributable to investment fund shareholders (D443D)				
Interest (D41D) Direct investor in direct investment enterprises Direct investment enterprises in direct investor (reverse investment) Between fellow enterprises if ultimate controlling parent is resident if ultimate controlling parent is nonresident if ultimate controlling parent is unknown	•	2.1.2 Income on debt (interest), (partly)	* See Primary income, general comments: interest.	
Memorandum: Interest before FISIM	•	2.1.2 Income on debt (interest)	* In <i>BPM6</i> , 'actual interest', i.e. interest including FISIM, is a memorandum item; see <i>BPM6</i> 11.74. This item corresponds with interest reported under <i>BPM5</i> .	
Portfolio investment		2.2 Portfolio investment	* See Primary income, general comments: interest.	
Investment income on equity and investment fund shares Dividends on equity excluding investment fund shares (D42P) Investment income attributable to investment fund shareholders (D443P) Dividends Reinvested earnings		2.2.1 Income on equity (dividends) (partly)	* See Primary income, general comments: dividends. * Other than in <i>BPM5</i> , reinvested earnings of investment funds are included in primary income for portfolio investment, with counterpart in the financial account; <i>BPM 6 11.37 - 11.39</i> .	
Interest (D41P)	_	2.2.2 Income on debt (interest) (partly)	* See Primary income, general comments: interest, and fees on securities lending and gold loans.	
Short-term Long-term		2.2.2.2 Money market instruments 2.2.2.1 Bonds and notes 2.2.2.1.2 Other interest 2.2.2.1.1 FISIM	* Unlike in <i>BPM6</i> , <i>BPM5</i> does not recognize FISIM; see <i>BPM5 par. 258, note 7</i> . Nonetheless it is included as additional detail in <i>BPM5 Table 7</i> to allow reconciliation with the <i>SNA</i> . <i>BPM6</i> does not recognize FISIM on portfolio investment.	
Other investment		2.3 Other investment	* See Primary income, general comments: interest, and reserve assets.	

BPM6 CHANGES IN TREATMENT OR CLASSIFICATIONS				
BOP Account Items				
BPM6 Balance of Payments: Standard Components and Selected Other Items Items in italic are supplementary	Remapping	BPM5 Balance of Payments: Standard Components and Additional Detail Items in italic are supplementary	Comments on Change in Treatment or Clarification	
Primary income (continued)		B. Income		
Withdrawals from income of quasi-corporations (D42O)	4	Equity income (not available in BPM5)	* In <i>BPM6</i> , income from equity not included in direct investment and not in the form of securities (i.e. D42O) is separately distinguished in income from other investment; <i>see BPM6</i> 5.26 -5.27. <i>BPM5</i> does not specify this kind of equity.	
Interest (D41O)	-	2.3.2 Other interest (partly)		
Memorandum: Interest before FISIM		2.3.1 FISIM	* In <i>BPM6</i> , 'actual interest', i.e. interest including FISIM, is a memorandum item; see <i>BPM6</i> 11.74. This item corresponds with interest reported under <i>BPM5</i> .	
Investment income attributable to policyholders in	-	2.3.3 Imputed income to households	* In BPM6, premium supplements are taken into account in deriving insurance services; see	
insurance, pension schemes, and standardized guarantees (D441O+ D442O)		from net equity in life insurance and in pension funds	BPM6 10.111 and Appendix 6c. Thus, the total amount of investment income attributable to policyholders is classified as premium supplements; see BPM6 Appendix 6c.26. BPM5 accepts ignoring these flows on practical grounds; see BPM5 257.	
Reserve assets*4			* See Primary income, general comments: interest; fees on securities lending and gold loans; and reserve assets.	
Income on equity and investment fund shares (D42R)*4				
Interest (D41R)*4				
Memorandum: Interest before FISIM*4				
Other primary income Taxes on production and imports (D2)		C. Current transfers (partly) 1. General government (partly) 1.2 Other taxes on production	* In BPM6, taxes and subsidies on products and production are classified as primary income,	
Subsidies (D3)	•	1.3 Other subsidies on production	not as secondary income (current transfers) as in <i>BPM5</i> ; see <i>BPM6</i> 11.91 - 11.94.	
Substates (D3)		2. Other sectors	not as secondary income (current transfers) as in 19 1115, see 19 11151 11151.	
		2.2 Other transfers (partly)		
		2.2.2 Other taxes on production		
		2.2.3 Other subsidies on production		
Rent (D45)]`		* In BPM5, rent (D45) is not separately identified.	

Secondary income: General Comments

* The term Secondary income is introduced to be consistent with the SNA and is clarified in BPM6 12.1 - 12.4. More detailed types of current transfers are introduced on a supplementary basis; see BPM6 12.20. Refunds of taxes to taxpayers are treated as negative taxes, i.e., the amount of taxes is reduced by tax refunds; see BPM6 12.28. In BPM5, tax refunds are recorded under government transfers; see BPM5 299. The delineation between taxes and services is clarified. Business licenses to fish, hunt, etc. are no longer automatically treated as taxes as in BPM5, but as services, rent, taxes, or acquisition of a license asset, depending on what is supplied in return; see BPM6 10.179-180, 12.30; BPM5 300.

Secondary income		C. Current transfers	
General government		1. General government	
Current taxes on income, wealth, etc. (D5)	-	1.1 Current taxes on income,	
		wealth etc.	
Of which: payable by border, seasonal, and other short-term workers			* Supplementary data related to cross-border employment is used to compile personal remittances; see <i>BPM6 12.27</i> .
		1.2 Other taxes on production	* In BPM6, taxes and subsidies on products and production are classified as primary income;
		1.3 Other subsidies on production	not as secondary income (current transfers) as in BPM5; see BPM6 11.90 - 11.93.
Social contributions (D61)	-	1.4 Social contributions	
Of which: payable by border, seasonal, and other short-term workers			* Supplementary data related to cross-border employment is used to compile personal remittances; see <i>BPM6 12.27</i> .

BPM6 CHANGES IN TREATMENT OR CLASSIFICATIONS			
	I	BOP Account Items	
BPM6 Balance of Payments: Standard Components and Selected Other Items	Remapping	BPM5 Balance of Payments: Standard Components and Additional Detail	Comments on Change in Treatment or Clarification
Items in italic are supplementary		Items in italic are supplementary	
Secondary income (continued)		C. Current transfers	
Social benefits (D62+D63)	•	1.5 Social benefits	
Current international cooperation (D74)	——	1.6 Other current transfers of general	
Miscellaneous current transfers of general government (D75)		government	
Of which: Current transfers to NPISHs			* Supplementary data on current transfers to NPISHs is used to compile total remittances to NPISHs; see <i>BPM6 12.27</i> .
Financial corporations, nonfinancial corporations, households, and NPISHs		2. Other sectors	
Personal transfers (Current transfers between resident and nonresident households) Of which: Workers' remittances		2.1 Workers' remittances	*BPM6 introduces the concept of Personal transfers, which is broader than workers' remittances (in both BPM5 and BPM6) because it includes all transfers between individuals, not just those of migrants who are employed in new economies and considered residents there; see BPM6 12.21 - 12.27 and Appendix 5.
Other current transfers	ì	2.2 Other transfers	
Current taxes on income, wealth, etc. (D5)	\ \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	2.2.1 Current taxes on income, wealth, etc	
	; ;	2.2.2 Other taxes on production 2.2.3 Other subsidies on production	* In BPM6, taxes and subsidies on products and production are classified as primary income; not as secondary income (current transfers) as in BPM5; see BPM6 11.91 - 11.94).
Social contributions (D61)	← \	2.2.4 Social contributions	
Social benefits (D62+D63)	<u>,</u>	2.2.5 Social benefits	
Net nonlife insurance premiums (D71) Nonlife insurance claims (D72)		2.2.6 Other current transfers of other sectors	* In BPM6, premium supplements are taken into account in deriving insurance services; see BPM6 10.111 and Appendix 6c. BPM5 accepts ignoring these flows on practical grounds; see BPM5 257. In BPM6, reinsurance and direct insurance are treated consistently; see BPM6 10.111, whereas BPM5 recommends recording the balance of all flows between resident insurers and nonresident reinsurers (and vice versa) in services; see BPM5 257. Unlike in BPM5, the estimate of insurance claims used to derive the value of insurance services may be adjusted to take account of claim volatility; see BPM6 10.114 (c). Unlike in BPM5, insurance claims may be treated as capital transfers in exceptional cases of catastrophic losses to be consistent with the SNA; see BPM6 13.24.
Current international cooperation (D74)			* Technical assistance that is part of or tied to capital projects (item not explicitly discussed in BPM5) is recorded as capital transfers; see BPM6 12.50. Transfers of equipment in the form of weapons or equipment that are classified as fixed assets are considered as investment grants and thus recorded in the capital account; see BPM6 13.26. In BPM5, these transfers are treated as current transfers; see BPM5 349.
Miscellaneous current transfers (D75) Of which: Current transfers to NPISHs	*		* Supplementary data on current transfers to NPISHs is used to compile total remittances to NPISHs; see <i>BPM6 12.27</i> .
Adjustment for change in pension entitlements (D8)			* The treatment of pension contributions / receipts is aligned with the SNA 2008 and the adjustment item for the change in pension entitlements is introduced; see BPM6 12.38. When cross-border flows are minor, the adjustment item may be omitted; see BPM6 12.39.

BPM6 CHANGES IN TREATMENT OR CLASSIFICATIONS					
BOP Account Items					
BPM6 Balance of Payments:	BPM6 Balance of Payments: Remapping BPM5 Balance of Payments: Comments on Change in Treatment or Clarification				
Standard Components and Selected Other Items	Standard Components and Selected Other Items Standard Components and Additional				
Detail					
Items in italic are supplementary Items in italic are supplementary					

Capital account: General Comments

- * Debits and credits for the acquisition/disposal of nonproduced nonfinancial assets are to be recorded separately, not netted as in BPM5; see BPM6 13.7 and 3.113.
- * Unlike in BPM5, emission rights and internet domain names are identified as possible economic assets; see BPM6 13.14 and 13.18 respectively.
- * In BPM6, the results of R&D, such as patents and copyrights, are no longer treated as nonproduced assets. Outright purchases and sales of these products no longer appear in the capital account (as in BPM5, see par. 312 and 358), but are classified as produced assets with transactions recorded in services (R&D services for patents and copyrights); see BPM6 Table 10.4 and BPM5 358.
- * Capital transfers associated with the activation of one-off guarantees and other debt assumption are specified; see BPM6 8.42 8.45, 13.19, and Box 8.1. One-off guarantees are not discussed in BPM5.
- * Large inheritances are treated as capital transfers, instead of current transfers as in BPM5; see BPM6 13.30.
- * Unlike in BPM5, insurance claims may be treated as capital transfers in exceptional cases of catastrophic losses to be consistent with the SNA; see BPM6 13.24.

Capital account		A. Capital account	
Gross acquisitions (DR.) / disposals (CR.) of nonproduced nonfinancial assets (N2)	•	2. Acquisition/disposal of nonproduced, nonfinancial assets	
Capital transfers (D9)		Capital transfers	
General government		1.1 General government	
Debt forgiveness	-	1.1.1 Debt forgiveness	* A convention for distinction between write-offs and debt forgiveness is introduced; see BPM6 9.10.
Other capital transfers Of which: Capital taxes (D91)	-	1.1.2 Other	
Financial corporations, nonfinancial corporations, households, and NPISHs		1.2. Other sectors	
		1.2.1 Migrants' transfers	* The personal effects, financial assets, and liabilities of persons changing residence are no longer recorded as capital transfers; <i>BPM6 13.30</i> , <i>9.21-9.22</i> and <i>10.22(b)</i> ; <i>BPM5 352-353</i> .
Debt forgiveness	•	1.2.2 Debt forgiveness	* A convention for distinction between write-offs and debt forgiveness is introduced; see <i>BPM6 9.10</i> .
Other capital transfers	→	1.2.3 Other	
Of which: Capital taxes (D91) Of which: Between households			* This supplementary item is used to compile personal remittances; see <i>BPM6 12.27</i> .
Of which: for each item in capital transfers: Transfers to NPISHs			* Supplementary data on capital transfers to NPISHs is needed to compile total remittances to NPISHs; see <i>BPM6 12.27(c)</i> and <i>App. 5</i> .
Net lending (+) / net borrowing (-) (balance from current and capital account) (B9)			The sum of the balances of the current and capital account, i.e., the sum of all credits minus the sum of all debits in these accounts, represents the net lending (surplus) or net borrowing (deficit) by the economy with the rest of the world. This is conceptually equal to the net balance of the financial account; see BPM6 2.18 and Table 2.1.

Financial account: General Comments

- * In BPM6, central bank replaces monetary authorities as an institutional subsector, whereas monetary authorities remains an essential concept for defining reserve assets and a supplementary subsector where relevant; see BPM6 4.70 and 6.66. BPM6 introduces a breakdown of other sectors into 'other financial and nonfinancial corporations, households and NPISHs'; see BPM6 chapter 4, Table 4.2.
- * In BPM6, the detailed classification of financial assets and liabilities is harmonized with the SNA and Monetary and Financial Statistics Manual 2000 in terms of detail and terminology; see BPM6 Table 5.3. In the BPM5 standard components, instruments are combined and different names for them are used in different places.
- * In BPM6, arrears are retained in the original asset/liability and identified as a memorandum item if related to exceptional financing (otherwise supplementary item). In BPM5, arrears are reclassified from the original asset/liability to short-term other assets / liabilities and requested as a supplementary item; see BPM6 5.99 5.102, BPM6 8.58 8.59, and BPM5 453, 528 529.
- * A convention for distinction between write-offs and debt forgiveness is introduced; see BPM6 9.10.
- * Financial assets and liabilities of entities (migrants) changing residence are included as Other changes in volume; see BPM6 9.21 9.23, unlike as transactions in BPM5; see BPM5 354.
- * The content of the Financial Derivatives Supplement 2000 is incorporated. As a consequence, the coding of the BPM5 Balance of Payments: Standard Components and Additional Detail in this conversion table is not corresponding to BPM5 1993 but rather to the revised coding of the Financial Derivatives Supplement 2000.

BOP Account Items BPM6 Balance of Payments: Remapping BPM5 Balance of Payments: Comments on Change in Treatment or Clarification				
BPM6 Balance of Payments: Remapping BPM5 Balance of Payments: Comments on Change in Treatment or Clarification				
Standard Components and Selected Other Items Standard Components and Additional				
Detail				
Items in italic are supplementary Items in italic are supplementary				

Direct investment: General Comments

- * In BPM6, direct investment is presented on an assets and liabilities basis, unlike on the directional principle in BPM5. In the standard components, direct investment is classified according to the relationship between the investor and the entity receiving the investment; see BPM6 6.37-6.41. Thus, under 'Direct investor in direct investment enterprises' the reporting economy of the direct investor records the assets of the direct investor, and the reporting economy of the direct investment enterprises records the (mirror) liabilities of the direct investment enterprises (whether in an immediate or indirect relationship); see BPM6 6.37.(a). Under 'Direct investment enterprises in direct investment) the reporting economy of the direct investment enterprises, and the reporting economy of the direct investor records the liabilities of the direct investor (whether in an immediate or indirect relationship); see BPM6 6.37.(b). Under the item 'Between fellows' the reporting economy reports assets and /or liabilities as appropriate; see BPM6 6.17.
- * Data on the directional basis are also recognized as essential for many purposes; see BPM6 6.44 6.45. The details needed to compile these data are shown in BPM6 Box 6.4.
- * In BPM6, the Framework for Direct Investment Relationships (FDIR) is adopted for identifying direct investment relationships; see BPM6 6.8 6.18 and BPM6 Box 6.1. Ownership of ordinary shares is removed from the operational definition of direct investment; see BPM6 6.12 and 6.19. In BPM6, the separate category of investment in fellow enterprises is included, see BPM6 6.17 (c). The coverage of direct investment relationships due to indirect voting power and fellow enterprises is elaborated; see BPM6 6.14.
- * Superdividends are treated as a withdrawals of equity; see BPM6 8.23. The term 'superdividends' is not used in BPM5, but the treatment in BPM6 is in line with the general principals of BPM5 (notably liquidating dividends; see BPM5 290).
- * Insurance technical reserves are potentially included in direct investment; see BPM6 6.27. In BPM5, technical reserves of insurance enterprises are excluded from the stock of direct investment; see BPM6 379.
- * The concept of pass-through funds is introduced; see BPM6 6.33 6.34. It is encouraged that compilers in economies that have large values of pass-through funds consider the compilation of supplementary data on funds in transit, based on national definitions.
- * In BPM6, all debt between selected types of affiliated financial corporations is excluded from direct investment, unlike in BPM5, where so-called Permanent debt was included in direct investment. The financial corporations to whom this applies are central banks, deposit-taking corporations other than the central bank, investment funds, and other financial intermediaries except insurance companies and pension funds; see BPM6 6.28.

Financial account		B. Financial account	
Net lending $(+)$ / net borrowing $(-)$ (balance from financial account) (B9)			The net balance of the financial account is equal to the net increase of assets minus the net increase in liabilities. This concept is conceptually equal to the net balance of the current and capital account; see <i>BPM6 2.17 - 2.18</i> and <i>Table 2.1</i> .
Direct investment (FD)		1. Direct investment	
Net acquisition of financial assets			
Equity and investment fund shares (F5D)		1.1 Abroad	
Equity other than reinvestment of earnings		1.1.1 Equity capital	
Direct investor in direct investment enterprises	•	1.1.1.1 Claims on affiliated	
Direct investment enterprises in direct	×	enterprises	
investor (reverse investment)			
Between fellow enterprises			* In BPM5, fellow enterprises are not explicitly mentioned.
if ultimate controlling parent is resident		1.2 In reporting economy	
if ultimate controlling parent is nonresident		1.2.1 Equity capital	
if ultimate controlling parent is unknown	\	1.2.1.1 Claims on direct investors	
Net acquisition of financial assets		1.1 Abroad	
Reinvestment of earnings		1.1.2 Reinvested earnings	* In BPM6, the terminology for the financial account entry is 'reinvestment of earnings', to
Of which: Investment fund shares or units (F52D)			distinguish it from 'reinvested earnings', which is continued to be used for the counterpart item
Of which: Money market fund shares or			in Primary income; see <i>BPM6 8.15</i> .
units (F521D)			

BPM6 CHANGES IN TREATMENT OR CLASSIFICATIONS				
DDICC D.L. CD.	In .	BOP Account Items		
BPM6 Balance of Payments:	Remapping	BPM5 Balance of Payments: Standard Components and Additional	Comments on Change in Treatment or Clarification	
Standard Components and Selected Other Items		Detail		
Items in italic are supplementary		Items in italic are supplementary		
Direct investment (FD) (continued)				
Net acquisition of financial assets	1	1.1 Abroad		
Debt instruments		1.1.3 Other capital	* In BPM6, the term Debt instruments replaces Other capital.	
Direct investor in direct investment enterprises	┡	1.1.3.1 Claims on affiliated	* As discussed above, in <i>BPM6</i> , all debt between selected types of affiliated financial	
		enterprises	corporations is excluded from direct investment.	
Direct investment enterprises in direct investor		1.1.3.1.1 Debt securities issued		
(reverse investment)	[\ .	by affiliated enterprises		
Between fellow enterprises] \/	1.1.3.1.2 Other claims on	* In BPM6, the item Other claims (as used in BPM5) is not classified separately.	
	\ /	affiliated enterprises		
if ultimate controlling parent is resident] \./		* In BPM5, fellow enterprises are not explicitly mentioned.	
if ultimate controlling parent is nonresident	X			
if ultimate controlling parent is unknown	<i>j</i> /			
] / \	1.2 In reporting economy		
Of which: Debt securities (F3D)] / \	1.2.3 Other capital		
Direct investor in direct investment enterprises	\	1.2.3.1 Claims on direct investors	* As discussed above, in <i>BPM6</i> , all debt between selected types of affiliated financial	
			corporations is excluded from direct investment.	
Direct investment enterprises in direct investor	•	1.2.3.1.1 Debt securities issued		
(reverse investment)		by direct investors		
Between fellow enterprises		1.2.3.1.2 Other claims on direct	* In BPM6, the item Other claims (as used in BPM5) is not classified separately.	
if ultimate controlling parent is resident		investors	* In BPM5, fellow enterprises are not explicitly mentioned.	
if ultimate controlling parent is nonresident				
if ultimate controlling parent is unknown				
Net incurrence of liabilities				
Equity and investment fund shares (F5D)		1.2 In reporting economy		
Equity other than reinvestment of earnings		1.2.1 Equity capital		
Direct investor in direct investment enterprises	!	1.2.1.2 Liabilities to direct investors		
Direct investment enterprises in direct investor	~			
(reverse investment)		1.1 Abroad		
Between fellow enterprises		1.1.1 Equity capital		
if ultimate controlling parent is resident		1.1.1.2 Liabilities to affiliated	* In BPM5, fellow enterprises are not explicitly mentioned.	
if ultimate controlling parent is nonresident		enterprises		
if ultimate controlling parent is unknown	Ļ			
Reinvestment of earnings		1.2.2 Reinvested earnings	* In BPM6, the terminology for the financial account entry is 'reinvestment of earnings', to	
Of which: Investment fund shares or units (F52D)			distinguish it from 'reinvested earnings', which is continued to be used for the counterpart item in Primary income; see BPM6 8.15.	
Of which: Money market fund shares or units (F521D)	-	10.1	III I THIMALY INCOME, See DF WO 0.13.	
Dalation demonstrate	-	1.2 In reporting economy	*In DDW 4h - 4 cm Delst in struments and con Od 1997	
Debt instruments	1	1.2.3 Other capital	* In BPM6, the term Debt instruments replaces Other capital.	
Direct investor in direct investment enterprises	◆	1.2.3.2 Liabilities to direct investors	* As discussed above, in <i>BPM6</i> , all debt between selected types of affiliated financial corporations is excluded from direct investment.	
	1	investors	corporations is excitated from affect investment.	

	BPM6 CHANGES IN TREATMENT OR CLASSIFICATIONS			
BOP Account Items BPM6 Balance of Payments: Remapping BPM5 Balance of Payments: Comments on Change in Treatment or Clarification				
Standard Components and Selected Other Items	кстарртд	Standard Components and Additional Detail		
Items in italic are supplementary		Items in italic are supplementary		
Direct investment (FD) (continued)				
Net incurrence of liabilities				
Direct investment enterprises in direct investor				
(reverse investment)	│ ₹			
Between fellow enterprises	\ ./	1.2.3.2.1 Debt securities issued	* In BPM5, fellow enterprises are not explicitly mentioned.	
if ultimate controlling parent is resident	\ ./	by affiliated enterprises		
if ultimate controlling parent is nonresident	\./	1.2.3.2.2 Other liabilities to		
if ultimate controlling parent is unknown	/ \	direct investors	* In <i>BPM6</i> , the item <i>Other claims</i> (as used in <i>BPM5</i>) is not classified separately.	
	<u> </u> ./	1.1 Abroad		
Of which: Debt securities (F3D)	<u> </u>	1.1.3 Other capital		
Direct investor in direct investment enterprises	\	1.1.3.2 Liabilities to affiliated	* As discussed above, in <i>BPM6</i> , all debt between selected types of affiliated financial	
		enterprises	corporations is excluded from direct investment.	
Direct investment enterprises in direct investor	•	1.1.3.2.1 Debt securities issued		
(reverse investment)		by direct investors		
Between fellow enterprises		1.1.3.2.2 Other liabilities of	* In BPM5, fellow enterprises are not explicitly mentioned.	
if ultimate controlling parent is resident		direct investors		
if ultimate controlling parent is nonresident				
if ultimate controlling parent is unknown			* In BPM6, the item Other liabilities (as used in BPM5) is not classified separately.	
Portfolio investment (FP)		2. Portfolio investment		
Net acquisition of financial assets		2.1 Assets		
Equity and investment fund shares (F5P)		2.1.1 Equity securities		
Central bank	—	2.1.1.1 Monetary authorities	* In BPM6, the functional category of monetary authorities is supplementary, except for	
General government	•	2.1.1.2 General government	reserves assets. Where monetary authorities are supplementary, their transactions and position	
Monetary authorities (where relevant)			need to be recorded as standard components under either central bank or general governmen depending on the entity that holds the instrument on its books.	
Deposit-taking corporations, except central bank	→	2.1.1.3 Banks		
Other sectors		2.1.1.4 Other sectors		
Other financial corporations	-		* In BPM6, unlike BPM5, Reinvestment of earnings in investment funds is included in the financial account via the item Equity and investment fund shares, Other financial corporation. The item is not classified as a separate standard component. The counter-entry is in the Prim income account; see BPM6 8.28 and 11.37 - 11.39.	
Nonfinancial corporations, households, and NPISHs	1			
Equity securities other than investment fund shares (F51P)	•		* A supplementary breakdown of equity securities other than investment fund shares (of whi listed / nonlisted) is included unlike in <i>BPM5</i> ; see <i>BPM6 5.24 - 5.27</i> .	
Listed (F511P)				
Unlisted (F512P)	∭~¹	<u>"</u>		
Investment fund shares or units (F52P)	1 //		* Investment fund shares and money market fund shares are separately identified as	
Of which: Reinvestment of earnings	· ·		supplementary items; see <i>BPM6 5.28 - 5.30</i> .	
Of which: Money market fund shares or units (F521P)			11 7 7	
Of which. Money market fund shares of units (F321F)	1	<u> </u>		

	BPM6 CHANGES IN TREATMENT OR CLASSIFICATIONS				
	BOP Account Items				
BPM6 Balance of Payments:	Remapping	BPM5 Balance of Payments:	Comments on Change in Treatment or Clarification		
Standard Components and Selected Other Items		Standard Components and Additional			
		Detail			
Items in italic are supplementary		Items in italic are supplementary			
Portfolio investment (FP) (continued)		2.2 Liabilities			
Equity and investment fund shares (F5P)		2.2.1 Equity securities			
Net incurrence of liabilities					
Deposit-taking corporations, except central bank	•	2.2.1.1 Banks			
Other sectors	-	2.2.1.2 Other sectors			
Other financial corporations	-		* In BPM6, unlike BPM5, Reinvestment of earnings in investment funds is included in the		
Nonfinancial corporations, households, and NPISHs			financial account via the item Equity and investment fund shares, Other financial corporations.		
		[/]	The item is not classified as a separate standard component. The counter-entry is in the Primary		
			income account; see <i>BPM6 8.28</i> and <i>11.37 - 11.39</i> .		
Equity securities other than investment fund shares			* A supplementary breakdown of equity securities other than investment fund shares (of which		
(F51P)	4		listed / nonlisted) is included unlike in <i>BPM5</i> ; see <i>BPM6 5.24 - 5.27</i> .		
Listed (F511P)					
Unlisted (F512P)					
Investment fund shares or units (F52P)			* Investment fund shares and money market fund shares are separately identified as		
Of which: Reinvestment of earnings	 ^		supplementary items; see <i>BPM6 5.28 - 5.30</i> .		
Of which: Money market fund shares or units (F521P)					

Debt securities: General Comments

- * The BPM5 titels Bonds and notes and Money market instruments are replaced by Long-term and Short-term debt securities in BPM6; see BPM6 5.44 and 5.103 105.
- * The conditions to reclassify traded loans as securities are clarified; see BPM6 5.45. However, the impact is likely to be small.
- *Debt instruments with both the amount to be paid at maturity and periodic payments indexed to a foreign currency are classified and treated as if they are denominated in foreign currency. Also, the treatment of index-linked debt instruments is clarified and modified; see BPM6 11.50(a) (c) and 11.59 11.65. BPM5 is less explicit about the treatment of this type of securities; see BPM5 397.

Debt securities (F3P)	4	2.1.2 Debt securities	
Net acquisition of financial assets			
Central bank		2.1.2.2 Money market instruments	* In BPM6, the functional category of monetary authorities is supplementary, except for
Short-term	—	2.1.2.2.1 Monetary authorities	reserves assets. Where monetary authorities are supplementary, their transactions and positions
		2.1.2.1 Bonds and notes	need to be recorded as standard components under either central bank or general government,
Long-term	↓ ··/	2.1.2.1.1 Monetary authorities	depending on the entity that holds the instrument on its books.
General government	7//	2.1.2.2 Money market instruments	
Short-term	√ /	2.1.2.2.2 General government	
		2.1.2.1 Bonds and notes	
Long-term	◆ ′…—…—	2.1.2.1.2 General government	
Monetary authorities (where relevant)			
Short-term			
Long-term			
Deposit-taking corporations, except central bank		2.1.2.2 Money market instruments	
Short-term	+	2.1.2.2.3 Banks	
		2.1.2.1 Bonds and notes	
Long-term	◆	2.1.2.1.3 Banks	

BPM6 CHANGES IN TREATMENT OR CLASSIFICATIONS					
	BOP Account Items				
BPM6 Balance of Payments:	Remapping	BPM5 Balance of Payments:	Comments on Change in Treatment or Clarification		
Standard Components and Selected Other Items		Standard Components and Additional			
Items in italic are supplementary		Detail Items in italic are supplementary			
Debt securities (F3P) (continued)		2.1.2 Debt securities			
Net acquisition of financial assets		2.112 2000 0000111100			
Other sectors		2.1.2.2 Money market instruments			
Short-term	•	2.1.2.2.4 Other sectors			
		2.1.2.1 Bonds and notes			
Long-term	•	2.1.2.1.4 Other sectors			
Other financial corporations					
Short-term					
Long-term					
Nonfinancial corporations, households, and NPISHs					
Short-term					
Long-term					
Debt securities (F3P)	•	2.2.2 Debt securities			
Net incurrence of liabilities		2.2.2 2000 300 4.100			
Central bank		2.2.2.2 Money market instruments	* In BPM6, the functional category of monetary authorities is supplementary, except for		
Short-term	←	2.2.2.2.1 Monetary authorities	reserves assets. Where monetary authorities are supplementary, their transactions and positions		
		2.2.2.1 Bonds and notes	need to be recorded as standard components under either central bank or general government,		
Long-term	∢ /	2.2.2.1.1 Monetary authorities	depending on the entity that holds the instrument on its books.		
General government		2.2.2.2 Money market instruments			
Short-term	/ //	2.2.2.2.2 General government			
		2.2.2.1 Bonds and notes			
Long-term	√ ∴	2.2.2.1.2 General government			
Monetary authorities (where relevant)					
Short-term					
Long-term					
Deposit-taking corporations, except central bank		2.2.2.2 Money market instruments			
Short-term	•	2.2.2.2.3 Banks			
		2.2.2.1 Bonds and notes			
Long-term	-	2.2.2.1.3 Banks			
Other sectors		2.2.2.2 Money market instruments			
Short-term	—	2.2.2.2.4 Other sectors			
		2.2.2.1 Bonds and notes			
Long-term	•	2.2.2.1.4 Other sectors			
Other financial corporations					
Short-term					
Long-term					
Nonfinancial corporations, households, and NPISHs					
Short-term					

	BF	PM6 CHANGES IN TREATMENT OR O	CLASSIFICATIONS		
	BOP Account Items				
BPM6 Balance of Payments:	Remapping	BPM5 Balance of Payments:	Comments on Change in Treatment or Clarification		
Standard Components and Selected Other Items		Standard Components and Additional			
*		Detail			
Items in italic are supplementary		Items in italic are supplementary			
Financial derivatives (other than reserves) and employees	-		DIG C. 1.10		
to BPM5, but rather to the revised coding of the 2000 Final	•		PM5 Standard Components and Additional Detail in this conversion table is not corresponding		
		••	1		
* The functional category is renamed to distinguish it from	the instrument	1	nployee stock options; see BPMb 6.58 - 6.60.		
Financial derivatives (other than reserves) and employee		3. Financial derivatives			
stock options (F7F)*5					
Net acquisition of financial assets		3.1 Assets			
Central bank		3.1.1 Monetary authorities	* In BPM6, the functional category of monetary authorities is supplementary, except for		
General government	•	3.1.2 General government	reserves assets. Where monetary authorities are supplementary, their transactions and position		
Monetary authorities (where relevant)			need to be recorded as standard components under either central bank or general government, depending on the entity that holds the instrument on its books.		
			depending on the entry that noids the instrument on its books.		
Other sectors		3.1.4 Other sectors			
Other financial corporations	<i>!</i>				
Nonfinancial corporations, households, NPISHs					
Financial derivatives (other than reserves) (F71F)	./		* In <i>BPM6</i> , supplementary additional breakdowns of financial derivatives are introduced; see		
Options (F711F)	<i>.</i> /		BPM6 5.95.		
Forward-type contracts (F712F)	j.				
Employee stock options (F72)	^		* Employee stock options (ESOs) are included with Financial derivatives in <i>BPM6</i> and		
			recorded as a separate supplementary item if transactions in ESOs are significant; see <i>BPM6</i> 5.96 -5.98 and <i>BPM6</i> 6.58.		
			3.90 -3.98 and BPM0 0.38.		
Net incurrence of liabilities		3.2 Liabilities			
Central bank		3.2.1 Monetary authorities	* In BPM6, the functional category of monetary authorities is supplementary, except for		
General government	-	3.2.2 General government	reserves assets. Where monetary authorities are supplementary, their transactions and position		
Monetary authorities (where relevant)			need to be recorded as standard components under either central bank or general government,		
			depending on the entity that holds the instrument on its books.		
Deposit-taking corporations, except central bank	· .	3.2.3 Banks			
Other sectors	◆ //	3.2.4 Other sectors			
Other financial corporations	11				
Nonfinancial corporations, households, NPISHs	ii				
Financial derivatives (other than reserves) (F71F)			* In BPM6, supplementary additional breakdowns of financial derivatives are introduced; see		
Options (F711F)	j		BPM6 5.95.		
Forward-type contracts (F712F)	」				
Employee stock options (F72))		* Employee stock options (ESOs) are included with Financial derivatives in BPM6 and		
			recorded as a separate supplementary item if transactions in ESOs are significant; see BPM6		
			5.96 -5.98 and BPM6 6.58.		
Other investment (FO)		4. Other investment	* BPM6 specifies all other investment instruments and does not have a residual item Other		
			investment / other assets - other liabilities as in <i>BPM5</i> .		
Other equity (F519O)			* In <i>BPM6</i> , equity not included in direct investment and not in the form of securities is		
Net acquisition of financial assets			separately distinguished in Other investment / other equity; see <i>BPM6 5.26 -5.27</i> . <i>BPM5</i> does		
Net incurrence of liabilities			not specify this kind of equity. In BPM6, capital subscriptions to international organizations is		
			included in other equity, whereas BPM5 includes these subscriptions in other assets / liabilities		
	1		(see items 4.1.4/4.2.4 below).		

Long-term

Short-term Long-term

Monetary authorities (where relevant)

	BPM6 CHANGES IN TREATMENT OR CLASSIFICATIONS					
PRICE P. L. C.	BOP Account Items					
BPM6 Balance of Payments:	Remapping	BPM5 Balance of Payments:	Comments on Change in Treatment or Clarification			
Standard Components and Selected Other Items		Standard Components and Additional				
Items in italic are supplementary		Detail Items in italic are supplementary				
Currency and Deposits: General Comments		**				
* In BPM6, unlike BPM5, unallocated accounts in go	ld and other pre	cious metals are included in currency and	deposits, except for unallocated gold accounts held by monetary authorities for reserves			
purposes, for which the asset holding is included in m						
* The treatment of overnight deposits (or sweep account	nts) is discussed	d: see BPM6 7.62. In view of the fact that t	the positions can differ substantially depending on when these accounts are measured, it is			
recommended to record them consistently after the fur						
* In <i>BPM6</i> , interbank positions is introduced as an 'of		•				
Currency and deposits (F2O)	1	4.1.3 Currency and deposits /				
Net acquisition of financial assets		Assets				
Central banks	1		* In BPM6, the functional category of monetary authorities is supplementary, except for			
Short-term) 	4.1.3.1 Monetary authorities	reserves assets. Where monetary authorities are supplementary, their transactions and positions			
Long-term	/	·	need to be recorded as standard components under either central bank or general government,			
General government	1 /		depending on the entity that holds the instrument on its books.			
Short-term Short-term		4.1.3.2 General government				
Long-term .						
Monetary authorities (where relevant)	1					
Short-term -	1					
Long-term .	J					
Deposit-taking corporations, except central bank						
Short-term	<u> </u>	4.1.3.3 Banks				
Long-term						
Of which: Interbank positions						
Other sectors						
Short-term	•	4.1.3.4 Other sectors				
Long-term	_					
Other financial corporations						
Short-term						
Long-term	4					
Nonfinancial corporations, households, NPISHs						
Short-term						
Long-term	-					
Currency and deposits (F2O)		4.2.3 Currency and deposits /	* Unlike BPM5, BPM6 distinguishes currency and deposits liability entries for general			
Net incurrence of liabilities	-	Liabilities	government and other sectors / other financial corporations.			
Central banks	. .	400134 4 4 2	* In <i>BPM6</i> , the functional category of monetary authorities is supplementary, except for reserves assets. Where monetary authorities are supplementary, their transactions and positions			
Short-term		4.2.3.1 Monetary authorities	need to be recorded as standard components under either central bank or general government,			
Long-term	4 /		depending on the entity that holds the instrument on its books.			
General government Short-term			and the second s			
Short-term	•					

	BPM6 CHANGES IN TREATMENT OR CLASSIFICATIONS			
	BOP Account Items			
BPM6 Balance of Payments:	Remapping	BPM5 Balance of Payments:	Comments on Change in Treatment or Clarification	
Standard Components and Selected Other Items		Standard Components and Additional		
		Detail		
Items in italic are supplementary		Items in italic are supplementary		
Currency and deposits (F2O) (continued)		4.2.3 Currency and deposits /		
Net incurrence of liabilities		Liabilities		
Deposit-taking corporations, except the central bank				
Short-term	 ←	4.2.3.2 Banks		
Long-term	川			
Of which: Interbank positions				
Other sectors				
Short-term				
Long-term				
Other financial corporations				
Short-term				
Long-term				
Loans: General Comments	•			

- * In BPM6, arrears are retained in the original asset / liability and identified as a memorandum item if related to exceptional financing (otherwise supplementary item). In BPM5, arrears are reclassified from the original asset / liability to short-term other assets / liabilities and requested as a supplementary item; see BPM6 5.99 - 5.102, BPM6 8.58 - 8.59, and BPM5 453, 528 - 529.
- * The conditions to reclassify traded loans as securities are clarified; see BPM6 5.45. However, the impact is likely to be small.
- * In BPM6, a convention for the treatment of the activation of one-off guarantees and other debt assumption is included; see BPM6 8.42 8.45, 13.12, and Box 8.1.

Loans (F4O)		4.1.2 Loans / Assets	
Net acquisition of financial assets			
Central bank		4.1.2.1 Monetary authorities	* Guidance on positions with the IMF is provided in BPM6 Chapter 7, Annex 7.1.
Credit and loans with the IMF (other than			* In BPM5, only credit and loans from the Fund (i.e., liabilities of the reporting economy) are
reserves)			shown as standard components.
Other short-term	•	4.1.2.1.2 Short-term	* Under BPM6, credit and loans / assets with the Fund can be recorded either under general
Other long-term	- /-/	4.1.2.1.1 Long-term	government or central bank, depending on the entity that holds the asset on its books (usually
General government		4.1.2.2 General government	central bank or ministry of finance).
Credit and loans with the IMF (other than			
reserves)			
Other short-term	₹/	4.1.2.2.2 Short-term	
Other long-term	 ◆′··−··−	4.1.2.2.1 Long-term	
Monetary authorities (where relevant)			* In BPM6, the functional category of monetary authorities is supplementary. Credits and loans
Credit and loans with the IMF (other than			with the Fund need to be recorded as standard components either under central bank or general
reserves)			government, depending on the entity that holds the asset on its books (usually central bank or
Other short-term			ministry of finance).
Other long-term			
Deposit-taking corporations, except the central bank		4.1.2.3 Banks	
Short-term	•	4.1.2.3.2 Short -term	
Long-term	•	4.1.2.3.1 Long-term	
Other sectors		4.1.2.4 Other sectors	
Short-term	-	4.1.2.4.2 Short-term	
Long-term	•	4.1.2.4.1 Long-term	
Other financial corporations			
Short-term			
Long-term			

BPM6 CHANGES IN TREATMENT OR CLASSIFICATIONS					
	BOP Account Items				
BPM6 Balance of Payments:	Remapping	BPM5 Balance of Payments:	Comments on Change in Treatment or Clarification		
Standard Components and Selected Other Items		Standard Components and Additional			
		Detail			
Items in italic are supplementary		Items in italic are supplementary			
Loans (F4O) (continued)		4.1.2 Loans / Assets			
Net acquisition of financial assets					
Nonfinancial corporations, households, and NPISHs					
Short-term					
Long-term					
Net incurrence of liabilities		4.2.2 Loans / Liabilities			
Central bank		4.2.2.1 Monetary authorities	* Guidance on positions with the IMF is provided in BPM6 Chapter 7, Annex 7.1.		
Credit and loans with the IMF	•	4.2.2.1.1 Use of Fund credit	* Credit and loans with the Fund can be recorded either under general government or central		
		and loans from the Fund	bank, depending on the entity that holds the liability on its books (usually central bank or		
Other short-term	▼ ··/	4.2.2.1.3 Short-term	ministry of finance).		
Other long-term	+ //-,	4.2.2.1.2 Other long-term			
General government	////	4.2.2.2 General government			
Credit and loans with the IMF	111				
Other short-term	◆ ′· <i>→</i> ··−··−	4.2.2.2.2 Short-term			
Other long-term	← ′	4.2.2.2.1 Long-term			
Monetary authorities (where relevant)			* In BPM6, the functional category of monetary authorities is supplementary. Credits and loans		
Credit and loans with the IMF			with the Fund need to be recorded as standard components either under central bank or general		
Other short-term			government, depending on the entity that holds the liability on its books (usually central bank		
Other long-term			or ministry of finance).		
Deposit-taking corporations, except the central bank		4.2.2.3 Banks			
Short-term	•	4.2.2.3.2 Short -term			
Long-term	—	4.2.2.3.1 Long-term			
Other sectors		4.2.2.4 Other sectors			
Short-term	•	4.2.2.4.2 Short-term			
Long-term	—	4.2.2.4.1 Long-term			
Other financial corporations					
Short-term					
Long-term]				
Nonfinancial corporations, households, and NPISHs					
Short-term					
Long-term					

Insurance, pension, and standardized guarantee schemes: General Comments

* In BPM6, for nonlife insurance, changes in insurance technical reserves consist of prepayments of insurance premiums and changes in outstanding claims. Similarly, for life insurance, pension funds, annuity funds, and standardized guarantee schemes, the changes in technical reserves due to transactions are recorded in the financial account and consist of amounts of the estimated obligations to beneficiaries and holders that were accrued during the period; see BPM6 8.46 - 8.49 and Appendix 6c. BPM5's definition of technical reserves is effectively the same as in BPM6 (see BPM5 257, footnote 6), with technical reserves recorded as separate additional detail in other investment / other assets/liabilities, where relevant; see BPM5 Table 7. In BPM6, provisions for calls under standardized guarantees are identified and treated similarly to insurance technical reserves; see BPM6 5.68. Standardized guarantees are not classified as financial assets / liabilities in BPM5.

Insurance, pension, and standardized guarantee		4.1.4 Other assets (partly /	
schemes (F60)		additional detail)	
Net acquisition of financial assets		Prepayments of premiums and	
		reserves against outstanding claims	
Central bank	←	4.1.4.1.1.1 Monetary authorities	* In BPM6, the functional category of monetary authorities is supplementary, except for
General government	•		reserves assets. Where monetary authorities are supplementary, their transactions and positions
Monetary authorities (where relevant)			need to be recorded as standard components under either central bank or general government,
			depending on the entity that holds the instrument on its books.

BPM6 CHANGES IN TREATMENT OR CLASSIFICATIONS					
	BOP Account Items				
BPM6 Balance of Payments:	Remapping	BPM5 Balance of Payments:	Comments on Change in Treatment or Clarification		
Standard Components and Selected Other Items		Standard Components and Additional			
		Detail			
Items in italic are supplementary		Items in italic are supplementary			
Insurance, pension, and standardized guarantee		4.1.4 Other assets (partly /			
schemes (F60) (continued)		additional detail)			
Deposit-taking corporations, except the central bank	—	4.1.4.3.1.1 Banks			
Other sectors	•	4.1.4.4.1.2 Other sectors			
Other financial corporations		4.1.4.4.1.1 Net equity of			
Nonfinancial corporations, households, NPISHs		households in life			
Nonlife insurance technical reserves (F610)		insurance reserves and			
Life insurance and annuity entitlements (F62O)		pension funds			
Pension entitlements (F63O)					
Claims of pension funds on sponsors (F640)					
Entitlements to nonpension benefits (F650)					
Provisions for calls under standardized					
guarantees (F660)					
Net incurrence of liabilities	1	4.2.4 Other liabilities (partly /			
		additional detail)			
Central bank		4.2.4.4.1.2 Prepayments of	* Unlike BPM6, BPM5 does not identify this item for central bank, general government and		
General government]	premiums and reserves	deposit-taking corporations except central bank.		
Monetary authorities (where relevant)] /	against outstanding claims	* In BPM6, the functional category of monetary authorities is supplementary, except for		
Deposit-taking corporations except central bank			reserves assets. Where monetary authorities are supplementary, their transactions and positions		
Other sectors			need to be recorded as standard components under either central bank or general government,		
Other financial corporations		households in life insurance	depending on the entity that holds the instrument on its books.		
Nonfinancial corporations, households, NPISHs		reserves and in pension funds			
Nonlife insurance technical reserves (F610)					
Life insurance and annuity entitlements (F620)					
Pension entitlements (F63O)					
Claims of pension funds on sponsors (F64O)					
Entitlements to nonpension benefits (F650)					
Provisions for calls under standardized					
guarantees (F66O)					
Trade credit and advances: General Comments					
* In BPM6, the term Trade credit and advances replaces			9 .		
			s change of ownership is imputed in the financial account, except under certain conditions; see		
BPM5 199. In BPM6, these imputed entries are no long	er needed; see E	3PM6 10.62 - 10.71.			
Trade credit and advances (F81O)		4.1.1 Trade credits / Assets			
Net acquisition of financial assets]				
Central bank					
Short-term					
Long-term	1				
General government		4.1.1.1 General government			
Short-term	—	4.1.1.1.2 Short-term			
Long-term	_	4.1.1.1.1 Long-term			
Monetary authorities (where relevant)			* In BPM5, trade credits are not requested as separate item for monetary authorities. In BPM6,		
Short-term			monetary authorities are requested as supplementary data where relevant.		
Long-term					

	BP	M6 CHANGES IN TREATMENT OR G	CLASSIFICATIONS
		BOP Account Items	
BPM6 Balance of Payments: Standard Components and Selected Other Items	Remapping	BPM5 Balance of Payments: Standard Components and Additional Detail	Comments on Change in Treatment or Clarification
Items in italic are supplementary		Items in italic are supplementary	
Trade credit and advances (F81O) (continued)		4.1.1 Trade credits / Assets	
Net acquisition of financial assets			
Deposit-taking corporations, except central bank			* In BPM5, trade credits are not requested as separate items for banks.
Short-term			
Long-term			
Other sectors	V	4.1.1.2 Other sectors	
Short-term	4	4.1.1.2.2 Short-term	
Long-term	 ←…−…−…'>	4.1.1.2.1 Long-term	
Other financial corporations			
Short-term			
Long-term			
Nonfinancial corporations, households, and NPISHs			
Short-term			
Long-term			
Trade credit and advances (F81O)	1	4.2.1 Trade credits / Liabilities	
Net incurrence of liabilities			
Central bank	1		
Short-term			
Long-term			
General government	1	4.2.1.1 General government	
Short-term	•	4.2.1.1.2 Short-term	
Long-term	4	4.2.1.1.1 Long-term	
Monetary authorities (where relevant)	1		* In BPM5, trade credits are not requested as separate item for monetary authorities. In BPM
Short-term			monetary authorities are requested as supplementary data where relevant.
Long-term			
Deposit-taking corporations, except central bank	1		* In BPM5, trade credits are not requested as separate items for banks.
Short-term	k		
Long-term	v. \		
Other sectors		4.2.1.2 Other sectors	
Short-term	—	4.2.1.2.2 Short-term	
Long-term		4.2.1.2.1 Long-term	
Other financial corporations	1	-	
Short-term			
Long-term			
Nonfinancial corporations, households, and NPISHs	1		
Short-term			
Long-term			

Other accounts receivable / payable: General Comments

^{*} The BPM5 items Other investment / other assets / other liabilities (as shown in BPM5 Table 7: Standard Components and Additional Detail) is a residual category. Additionally to the BPM6 items Other investment / other accounts receivable / payable, it includes (i) Net equity of households in life insurance reserves and in pension funds and Prepayments of premiums and reserves against outstanding claims; in BPM6, these BPM5 items are classified under Insurance, pension, and standardized guarantee schemes; (ii) Other investment / other equity; and (iii) other items that could not be classified elsewhere; under BPM6 these items are to be allocated to the appropriate financial instrument.

	BF	PM6 CHANGES IN TREATMENT OR C	CLASSIFICATIONS
BPM6 Balance of Payments: Standard Components and Selected Other Items	Remapping	BOP Account Items BPM5 Balance of Payments: Standard Components and Additional Detail	Comments on Change in Treatment or Clarification
Items in italic are supplementary		Items in italic are supplementary	
Other accounts receivable (F89O)		4.1.4 Other investment/other	
Net acquisition of financial assets		assets (residual)	
Central bank		4.1.4.1 Monetary authorities	* In BPM6, the functional category of monetary authorities is supplementary, except for
Short-term	•	4.1.4.1.2 Short-term	reserves assets. Where monetary authorities are supplementary, their transactions and position
		4.1.4.1.1 Long-term	need to be recorded as standard components under either central bank or general government
Long-term	/	4.1.4.1.1.2 Other assets	depending on the entity that holds the instrument on its books.
General government		4.1.4.2 General government	
Short-term		4.1.4.2.2 Short-term	
		4.1.4.2.1 Long-term	
Long-term	- -/	4.1.4.2.1.2 Other assets	
Monetary authorities (where relevant)			
Short-term			
Long-term			
Deposit-taking corporations, except central bank		4.1.4.3 Banks	
Short-term	•	4.1.4.3.2 Short-term	
		4.1.4.3.1 Long-term	
Long-term	_	4.1.4.3.1.2 Other assets	
Other sectors		4.1.4.4 Other sectors	
Short-term	←	4.1.4.4.2 Short-term	
Long-term		4.1.4.4.1 Long-term	
Other financial corporations		4.1.4.4.1.3 Other assets	
Short-term			
Long-term			
Nonfinancial corporations, households, NPISHs		4.1.4 Of which Prepayments of	* In <i>BPM6</i> , these subcomponents of <i>BPM5</i> category 4.1.4, other
Short-term		premiums and reserves	investment / other assets are reclassified to <i>BPM6</i> category insurance,
Long-term		against outstanding claims 4.1.4.1.1 Monetary	pension, and standardized guarantee schemes (F6O).
		authorities	
		4.1.4.3.1.1 Banks	
		4.1.4.2.1.1 General government	
		4.1.4.4.1.2 Other sectors	
		4.1.4 Of which Net equity of	1
		households in life insurance	
		reserves and in pension funds	
		4.1.4.4.1.1 Households	V
Other accounts payable (F89O)		4.2.4 Other liabilities (residual)	
Net incurrence of liabilities			
Central bank		4.2.4.1 Monetary authorities	* In BPM6, the functional category of monetary authorities is supplementary, except for
Short-term	•	4.2.4.1.2 Short-term	reserves assets. Where monetary authorities are supplementary, their transactions and position
Long-term		4.2.4.1.1 Long-term	need to be recorded as standard components under either central bank or general governmen
General government		4.2.4.2 General government	depending on the entity that holds the instrument on its books.
Short-term	4 //	4.2.4.2.2 Short-term	
Long-term	◆ ∴	4.2.4.2.1 Long-term	

BPM6 CHANGES IN TREATMENT OR CLASSIFICATIONS				
		BOP Account Items		
BPM6 Balance of Payments:	Remapping	BPM5 Balance of Payments:	Comments on Change in Treatment or Clarification	
Standard Components and Selected Other Items		Standard Components and Additional		
		Detail		
Items in italic are supplementary		Items in italic are supplementary		
Other accounts payable (F89O) (continued)		4.2.4 Other liabilities (residual)		
Net incurrence of liabilities				
Monetary authorities (where relevant)				
Short-term				
Long-term				
Deposit-taking corporations, except central bank		4.2.4.3 Banks		
Short-term	•	4.2.4.3.2 Short -term		
Long-term	_	4.2.4.3.1 Long-term		
Other sectors		4.2.4.4 Other sectors		
Short-term	•	4.2.4.4.2 Short-term		
		4.2.4.4.1 Long-term		
Long-term	_	4.2.4.4.1.3 Other liabilities		
Other financial corporations		4.2.4 Of which Net equity of	* In BPM6, these subcomponents of BPM5 category 4.1.4, other	
Short-term		households in life insurance	investment / other liabilities are reclassified to BPM6 category insurance,	
Long-term		reserves and in pension funds	pension, and standardized guarantee schemes (F6O).	
Nonfinancial corporations, households, NPISHs		4.2.4.4.1.1 Households		
Short-term		4.2.4 Of which Prepayments of		
Long-term		premiums and reserves		
<u> </u>		against outstanding claims		
		4.2.4.4.1.2 Other sectors		
Special drawing rights (F12)			* In BPM6, the allocation of SDRs to IMF members is recorded as an incurrence of a liability;	
Net incurrence of liabilities			see BPM6 8.50. In BPM5, the allocation of SDRs is not recognized as a liability; see BPM5	
			440.	

Reserve assets: General comments

- * Monetary gold. In BPM6, unlike BPM5, unallocated gold accounts held by monetary authorities with nonresidents for reserves purposes are included in monetary gold, which is broken down in gold bullion and unallocated gold accounts. Unallocated accounts in other precious metals held with nonresidents are included in currency and deposits; see BPM6 5.39 and 5.74 5.78. BPM6 gives an extensive explanation of the recording of gold swaps; see BPM6 6.82. The explanation is in line with the general principles of BPM5, although the latter is more concise; see BPM5 434.
- * In BPM6, the conditions under which net creditor positions in regional payment agreements can be included in reserve assets have been brought in line with the general principles of reserve assets and have thus become more restrictive; see BPM6 6.112 and BPM5 432.
- * Unlike in BPM5, working balances of government agencies are not included in reserve assets in BPM6; see BPM6 6.112 and BPM5 433.
- * In BPM6, the treatment of pooled assets and assets in special purpose government funds are described consistent with the general principles of reserve assets; in BPM5 they were not described. The treatment of pledged assets in reserve assets is clarified; see BPM6 6.93, 6.99 and 6.107 6.109. BPM6 6.110 discusses the treatment of frozen assets that do not qualify as reserve assets.
- * Guidance on positions with the IMF is provided in BPM6 Chapter 7, Annex 7.1.

Reserve assets (FR)		5. Reserve assets	
Monetary gold (F11)	4	5.1 Monetary gold	* See Reserve assets, General comments: monetary gold.
Gold bullion*6			
Unallocated gold accounts*6			
Special drawing rights (F12)	•	5.2 Special drawing rights	
Reserve position in the IMF	◀	5.3 Reserve position in the Fund	
		5.3.1 Deposits	
		5.3.2 Loans	
Other reserve assets		5.4 Foreign exchange	

	BF	PM6 CHANGES IN TREATMENT OR O	CLASSIFICATIONS
DDV(D I OD	I	BOP Account Items	
BPM6 Balance of Payments: Standard Components and Selected Other Items Items in italic are supplementary	Remapping	BPM5 Balance of Payments: Standard Components and Additional Detail Items in italic are supplementary	Comments on Change in Treatment or Clarification
Reserve assets (FR) (continued)		5. Reserve assets	
Currency and deposits Claims on monetary authorities Claims on other entities	•	5.4.1 Currency and deposits 5.4.1.1 With monetary authorities 5.4.1.2 With banks	
Securities Debt securities (F3R) Short-term (F31R) Long-term (F32R) Equity and investment fund shares (F5R)		5.4.2 Securities 5.4.2.3 Money market instruments 5.4.2.2 Bonds and notes 5.4.2.1 Equities	* BPM6 explains that securities transferred under repos can either (i) be included as reserves assets with the loan incurred (if to a nonresident) reported as other investment / liabilities / loans (and classified as a memorandum item under reserve-related liabilities); or (ii) excluded from reserve assets and reclassified as portfolio investment; see BPM6 6.88 - 6.90. Securities obtained as collateral under reverse repos result in legal but not in economic ownership changing hands and so should not be included in the reserves (or portfolio) assets of the securities borrower; see BPM6 5.54 and 7.58 - 7.59. BPM5 does not discuss the treatment of repo transactions in reserves assets.
Other claims		5.5 Other claims (partly) 5.5.1 Currency and deposits 5.5.2 Securities 5.5.2.2 Debt securities 5.5.2.1 Equities	* In <i>BPM5, Other claims</i> is a residual that covers part of currency and deposits and securities n.i.e.; see <i>BPM5 443</i> . In <i>BPM6</i> , Other claims includes loans to nonresident nondeposit-taking corporations, long-term loans to IMF Trust Accounts that are readily repayable, loans arising from a reverse repo (unless classified as deposits), and other financial assets not included elsewhere that fulfill the general principles of reserve assets; see <i>BPM6 6.92</i> .
Financial derivatives (F7R)*7		5.4.3 Financial derivatives	
Net errors and omissions			Net errors and omissions are derived residually as net lending / net borrowing from the financial account minus the same item derived from the current and capital accounts; see BPM6 2.24 and Table 2.1.
Memorandum items - Exceptional financing		2. Exceptional financing transactions	
Current and/or capital transfers	•	2.1 Transfers	
Debt forgiveness		2.1.1 Debt forgiveness	
Other intergovernmental grants Grants received from IMF subsidy accounts		2.1.2 Other intergovernmental grants 2.1.3 Grants received from IMF subsidy	
Direct investment		accounts 2.2 Direct investment	
Equity investment associated with debt reduction		2.2.1 Investment associated with debt reduction	
Debt instruments		2.2.2 Other	
Portfolio investment—liabilities*8	<u> </u>	2.3 Portfolio investment: borrowing by authorities or by other sectors on behalf of authorities - liabilities	
Other investment—liabilities*8		2.4 Other investment - liabilities	
Drawings on new loans by authorities or by other sectors on behalf of authorities	-	2.4.1 Drawings on new loans by authorities or by other sectors on behalf of authorities	
Rescheduling of existing debt	-	2.4.2 Rescheduling of existing debt	

BPM6 CHANGES IN TREATMENT OR CLASSIFICATIONS						
	BOP Account Items					
BPM6 Balance of Payments:	Remapping	BPM5 Balance of Payments:	Comments on Change in Treatment or Clarification			
Standard Components and Selected Other Items		Standard Components and Additional				
		Detail				
Items in italic are supplementary		Items in italic are supplementary				
Memorandum items - Exceptional financing (continued)		2. Exceptional financing transactions				
Arrears*8*9			* In BPM6, arrears are retained in the original asset/liability and identified as a memorandum			
Accumulation of arrears	₩	2.4.3 Accumulation of arrears	item if related to exceptional financing (otherwise supplementary item). In <i>BPM5</i> , arrears are			
Principal on short-term debt		2.4.3.1 Principal on short-term debt	reclassified from the original asset/liability to short-term other assets / liabilities and requested			
Principal on long-term debt		2.4.3.2 Principal on long-term debt	as supplementary item; see <i>BPM6 5.99 - 5.102, BPM6 8.58 - 8.59,</i> and <i>BPM5 453, 528 - 529.</i>			
Original interest		2.4.3.3 Original interest				
Penalty interest		2.4.3.4 Penalty interest				
Repayment of arrears	•	2.4.4 Repayment of arrears				
Principal		2.4.4.1 Principal				
Interest		2.4.4.2 Interest				
Rescheduling of arrears	•	2.4.5 Rescheduling of arrears				
Principal		2.4.5.1 Principal				
Interest		2.4.5.2 Interest				
Cancellation of arrears	-	2.4.6 Cancellation of arrears				
Principal		2.4.6.1 Principal				
Interest		2.4.6.2 Interest				

^{*1} Further detail in EBOPS, see MSITS Annex II, Extended Balance of Payments Services Classification.

^{*2} Standard components for those countries that are unable (e.g., for reasons of confidentiality) to provide the full breakdown by mode of transport; otherwise supplementary, but can be derived by summing the standard components for each mode of transport.

^{*3} Construction abroad—Construction (CR.); Goods and services acquired (DR.). Construction in the reporting economy—(Goods and services acquired (CR.); (Construction (DR.)

^{*4} If available for publication. If not available for publication, include in other investment-interest.

^{*5} Preferably assets and liabilities reported separately, but otherwise a net figure for liabilities less assets, included, by convention, under assets.

^{*6} If available for publication.

^{*7} Assets and liabilities combined and reported as a net figure for assets less liabilities, included under assets.

^{*8} Specify sector involved and standard component in which the item is included.

^{*9} Arrears related to exceptional financing. Not a transaction, but included in the "analytic" presentation; see BPM6 14.17 and Appendix 1 A1.21.

BPM6 CHANGES IN TREATMENT OR CLASSIFICATIONS					
IIP Items					
BPM6 International Investment Position:	Remapping	BPM5 International Investment	Comments on Change in Treatment or Clarification		
Standard Components and Selected Other Items Standard Components and Additional					
Detail					
Items in italic are supplementary		Items in italic are supplementary			

IIP: General Comments

- * In BPM6, central bank replaces monetary authorities as an institutional subsector, whereas monetary authorities remains an essential concept for defining reserve assets and a supplementary subsector where relevant; see BPM6 4.70 and 6.66. BPM6 introduces a breakdown of other sectors into 'other financial and nonfinancial corporations, households and NPISHs; see BPM6 chapter 4, Table 4.2.
- * In BPM6, the detailed classification of financial assets and liabilities is harmonized with the SNA and Monetary and Financial Statistics Manual 2000 in terms of detail and terminology; see BPM6 Table 5.3. In the BPM5 standard components, instruments are combined and different names for them are used in different places.
- * In BPM6, arrears are retained in the original asset/liability and identified as a memorandum item if related to exceptional financing (otherwise supplementary item). In BPM5, arrears are reclassified from the original asset/liability to short-term other assets / liabilities and requested as a supplementary item; see BPM6 5.99 5.102, BPM6 8.58 8.59, and BPM5 453, 528 529.
- * In BPM6, classification, netting and ordering in IIP is consistent with the Financial account and Primary income account of the balance of payments, and with the Other changes of the IIP, so as to facilitate reconciliation and calculation of rates of return; see BPM6 7.13 and 8.5.
- * In BPM6, a currency breakdown is introduced as memorandum item for debt claims, debt liabilities and financial derivatives positions vis-à-vis nonresidents; see BPM6 Appendix 9.C, Table I. The compilation of data on remaining maturity is encouraged for selected position data; see BPM6 5.103 105.
- * The Other changes in financial assets/liabilities is explained and the distinction between exchange rate and other revaluations is elaborated; see BPM6 Chapter 9.
- * A convention for distinction between write-offs and debt forgiveness is introduced; see BPM6 9.10.
- * Financial assets and liabilities of entities (migrants) changing residence are included as Other changes in volume; see BPM6 9.21 9.23, unlike as transactions in BPM5; see BPM5 354.
- * The content of the Financial Derivatives Supplement 2000 is incorporated. As a consequence, the coding of the BPM5 Balance of Payments: Standard Components and Additional Detail in this conversion table is not corresponding to BPM5 1993 but rather to the revised coding of the Financial Derivatives Supplement 2000.

Direct investment: General Comments

- * In BPM6, direct investment is presented on an assets and liabilities basis, unlike on the directional principle in BPM5. In the standard components, direct investment is classified according to the relationship between the investor and the entity receiving the investment; see BPM6 6.37-6.41. Thus, under 'Direct investor in direct investment enterprises' the reporting economy of the direct investor records the assets of the direct investment enterprises (whether in an immediate or indirect relationship); see BPM6 6.37.(a). Under 'Direct investment enterprises in direct investor' (reverse investment) the reporting economy of the direct investment enterprises, and the reporting economy of the direct investor records the liabilities of the direct investor records the liabilities of the direct investor (whether in an immediate or indirect relationship); see BPM6 6.37.(b). Under the item 'Between fellows' the reporting economy reports assets and /or liabilities as appropriate; see BPM6 6.17.
- * Data on the directional basis are also recognized as essential for many purposes; see BPM6 6.44 6.45. The details needed to compile these data are shown in BPM6 Box 6.4.
- * In BPM6, the Framework for Direct Investment Relationships (FDIR) is adopted for identifying direct investment relationships; see BPM6 6.8 6.18 and BPM6 Box 6.1. Ownership of ordinary shares is removed from the operational definition of direct investment; see BPM6 6.12 and 6.19. In BPM6, the separate category of investment in fellow enterprises is included, see BPM6 6.17 (c). The coverage of direct investment relationships due to indirect voting power and fellow enterprises is elaborated; see BPM6 6.14.
- * Direct investment is valued at the best indicator of market prices. For approximating market value for equity that is not regularly traded, see BPM6 7.15 (et seq.). In BPM5, market valuation was adopted in principle, while noting that book values 'are generally utilized' in practice; see BPM5 467.
- * Superdividends are treated as a withdrawals of equity; see BPM6 8.23. The term 'superdividends' is not used in BPM5, but the treatment in BPM6 is in line with the general principals of BPM5 (notably liquidating dividends; see BPM5 290).
- * Insurance technical reserves are potentially included in direct investment; see BPM6 6.27. In BPM5, technical reserves of insurance enterprises are excluded from the stock of direct investment; see BPM5 379.
- * The concept of pass-through funds is introduced; see BPM6 6.33 -6.34. It is encouraged that compilers in economies that have large values of pass-through funds consider the compilation of supplementary data on funds in transit, based on national definitions.
- * In BPM6, all debt between selected types of affiliated financial corporations is excluded from direct investment, unlike in BPM5, where so-called Permanent debt was included in direct investment. The financial corporations to whom this applies are central banks, deposit-taking corporations other than the central bank, investment funds, and other financial intermediaries except insurance companies and pension funds; see BPM6 6.28.

	BF	PM6 CHANGES IN TREATMENT OR C	CLASSIFICATIONS
BPM6 International Investment Position: Standard Components and Selected Other Items	Remapping	BPM5 International Investment Standard Components and Additional Detail	Comments on Change in Treatment or Clarification
Items in italic are supplementary		Items in italic are supplementary	
International investment Position / Assets			
Direct investment (AFD)		1. Direct investment abroad	
Equity and investment fund shares (AF5D)		1.1 Equity capital and reinvested earnings	* In $BPM6$, the title $Equity\ capital\ and\ reinvested\ earnings\ of\ BPM5\ $ is replaced by Equity and investment fund shares.
Direct investor in direct investment enterprises	_	1.1.1 Claims on affiliated	
Direct investment enterprises in direct investor (reverse investment)		enterprises	
Between fellow enterprises] \		* In BPM5, fellow enterprises are not explicitly mentioned.
if ultimate controlling parent is resident	T \	1. Direct investment in reporting	
if ultimate controlling parent is nonresident		economy	
if ultimate controlling parent is unknown		1.1 Equity capital and reinvested earnings	
Of which: Investment fund shares or units (AF52D) Of which: Money market fund shares or units (AF521D)] `	1.1.1 Claims on direct investors	
,		1. Direct investment abroad	
Debt instruments		1.2 Other capital	* In BPM6, the term Debt instruments replaces Other capital.
Direct investor in direct investment enterprises	-	1.2.1 Claims on affiliated	* As discussed above, in <i>BPM6</i> all debt between selected types of affiliated financial
·	/	enterprises	corporations is excluded from direct investment.
Direct investment enterprises in direct investor	7	•	
(reverse investment)	/ /		
Between fellow enterprises	7 \ /		* In BPM5, fellow enterprises are not explicitly mentioned.
if ultimate controlling parent is resident	T X	1. Direct investment in reporting	
if ultimate controlling parent is nonresident	<i>i</i> \	economy	
if ultimate controlling parent is unknown] / \	1.2 Other capital	
Of which: Debt securities (AF3D):	<u> </u>	1.2.1 Claims on direct investors	* As discussed above, in <i>BPM6</i> all debt between selected types of affiliated financial
Direct investor in direct investment enterprises			corporations is excluded from direct investment.
Direct investment enterprises in direct investor			
(reverse investment)			
Between fellow enterprises			* In BPM5, fellow enterprises are not explicitly mentioned.
if ultimate controlling parent is resident			
if ultimate controlling parent is nonresident			
if ultimate controlling parent is unknown	4		
Portfolio investment (AFP)		2. Portfolio investment	* A treatment for short positions due to the onselling of borrowed securities is provided, unlike
7 1 1 1 (177)	4	A. Assets	in BPM5; see BPM6 7.28.
Equity and investment fund shares (AF5P)	_	2.1 Equity securities	* In BPM6, the functional category of monetary authorities is supplementary, except for reserves assets. Where monetary authorities are supplementary, their transactions and positions
Central bank		2.1.1 Monetary authorities	need to be recorded as standard components under either central bank or general government,
General government	-	2.1.2 General government	depending on the entity that holds the instrument on its books.
Monetary authorities (where relevant)			depending on the entry that notes the institution of its books.
Deposit-taking corporations, except the central bank	•	2.1.3 Banks	

BPM6 CHANGES IN TREATMENT OR CLASSIFICATIONS				
		IIP Items		
BPM6 International Investment Position:	Remapping	BPM5 International Investment	Comments on Change in Treatment or Clarification	
Standard Components and Selected Other Items		Standard Components and Additional		
		Detail		
Items in italic are supplementary		Items in italic are supplementary		
Portfolio investment (AFP) (continued)		2. Portfolio investment		
Other sectors		2.1.4 Other sectors		
Other financial corporations	1			
Nonfinancial corporations, households, and NPISHs	Ī			
Equity securities other than investment fund shares	Ī		* A supplementary breakdown of equity securities other than investment fund shares (of which	
or units (AF51P)			listed / nonlisted) is included unlike in <i>BPM5</i> ; see <i>BPM6 5.24 - 5.27</i> .	
Listed (AF511P)				
Unlisted (AF512P)				
Investment fund shares or units (AF52P)	7		* Investment fund shares and money market fund shares are separately identified as	
Of which: Money market fund shares / units (AF521P)			supplementary items; see <i>BPM6 5.28 - 5.30</i> .	

Debt securities: General Comments

- * The BPM5 titels Bonds and notes and Money market instruments are replaced by Long-term and Short-term debt securities in BPM6; see BPM6 5.44 and 5.103 105.
- * The conditions to reclassify traded loans as securities are clarified; see BPM6 5.45. However, the impact is likely to be small.
- *Debt instruments with both the amount to be paid at maturity and periodic payments indexed to a foreign currency are classified and treated as if they are denominated in foreign currency. Also, the treatment of index-linked debt instruments is clarified and modified; see *BPM6 11.50(a) (c)* and *11.59 11.65*. *BPM5* is less explicit about the treatment of this type of securities; see *BPM5 397*.

Debt securities (AF3P)		2.2 Debt securities	
Central bank	1	2.2.2 Money market instruments	* In BPM6, the functional category of monetary authorities is supplementary, except for
Short-term	-	2.2.2.1 Monetary authorities	reserves assets. Where monetary authorities are supplementary, their transactions and positions
		2.2.1 Bonds and notes	need to be recorded as standard components under either central bank or general government,
Long-term	↓ ··/	2.2.1.1 Monetary authorities	depending on the entity that holds the instrument on its books.
General government		2.2.2 Money market instruments	
Short-term	√ ///	2.2.2.2 General government	
	1.7	2.2.1 Bonds and notes	
Long-term	◆ ′	2.2.1.2 General government	
Monetary authorities (where relevant)	1		
Short-term			
Long-term			
Deposit-taking corporations, except central bank	1	2.2.2 Money market instruments	
Short-term	•	2.2.2.3 Banks	
		2.2.1 Bonds and notes	
Long-term	◀	2.2.1.3 Banks	
Other sectors	1	2.2.2 Money market instruments	
Short-term	•	2.2.2.4 Other sectors	
		2.2.1 Bonds and notes	
Long-term	•	2.2.1.4 Other sectors	
Other financial corporations	1		
Short-term			
Long-term	1		
Nonfinancial corporations, households, and NPISHs	1		
Short-term			
Long-term			

BPM6 CHANGES IN TREATMENT OR CLASSIFICATIONS						
IIP Items						
BPM6 International Investment Position: Remapping BPM5 International Investment Comments on Change in Treatment or Clarification						
Standard Components and Selected Other Items Standard Components and Additional						
Detail						
Items in italic are supplementary						
Financial derivatives (other than reserves) and employee stock options: General Comments						

- * The content of the 2000 Financial Derivatives Supplement is incorporated. As a consequence, the coding of the BPM5 Standard Components and Additional Detail in this conversion table is not corresponding to BPM5, but rather to the revised coding of the 2000 Financial Derivatives Supplement.
- * The functional category is renamed to distinguish it from the instrument classification Financial derivatives and Employee stock options; see BPM6 6.58 6.60.

Financial derivatives (other than reserves) and employee		3. Financial derivatives	
stock options (AF7F)*5	4	A. Assets	
Central bank	!	3.1 Monetary authorities	* In BPM6, the functional category of monetary authorities is supplementary, except for
General government	•	3.2 General government	reserves assets. Where monetary authorities are supplementary, their transactions and positions
Monetary authorities (where relevant)			need to be recorded as standard components under either central bank or general government,
			depending on the entity that holds the instrument on its books.
Deposit-taking corporations, except the central bank	-	3.3 Banks	
Other sectors	- //	3.4 Other sectors	
Other financial corporations			
Nonfinancial corporations, households, and NPISHs			
Financial derivatives (other than reserves) (AF71F)	1 //		* In BPM6, supplementary additional breakdowns of financial derivatives are introduced; see
Options (AF711F)	//		BPM6 5.95.
Forward-type contracts (AF712F)	1		
Employee stock options (AF72)	™		* Employee stock options (ESOs) are included with Financial derivatives in BPM6 and
			recorded as a separate supplementary item if transactions in ESOs are significant; see BPM6
			5.96 -5.98 and BPM6 6.58.
Other investment (AFO)	†	4. Other investment	* BPM6 specifies all Other investment instruments and does not have a residual item other
- 1-1-1 - 1-1 - 1-1 - 1-1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -			investment / other assets as in <i>BPM5</i> .
Other equity (AF5110)	—		* In BPM6, equity not included in direct investment and not in the form of securities is
* * * *			separately distinguished in Other investment / other equity; see BPM6 5.26 - 5.27. BPM5 does
			not specify this kind of equity. In <i>BPM6</i> , capital subscriptions to international organizations is
			included in other equity, whereas BPM5 includes these subscriptions in other assets / liabilities
			(see item 4.4 below).
			(555-555-17)

Currency and Deposits: General Comments

- * In BPM6, unlike BPM5, unallocated accounts in gold and other precious metals are included in currency and deposits, except for unallocated gold accounts held by monetary authorities for reserves purposes, for which the asset holding is included in monetary gold; see BPM6 5.39.
- * The treatment of overnight deposits (or sweep accounts) is discussed; see BPM6 7.62. In view of the fact that the positions can differ substantially depending on when these accounts are measured, it is recommended to record them consistently after the funds are moved at the end of the day and a cross-border position is created.
- * In BPM6, interbank positions is introduced as an 'of which' item to deposits; see BPM6 5.42.

Currency and deposits (AF2O)		4.3 Currency and deposits	* In BPM6, the functional category of monetary authorities is supplementary, except for
			reserves assets. Where monetary authorities are supplementary, their transactions and positions
Central bank	Ī		need to be recorded as standard components under either central bank or general government,
Short-term	-	4.3.1 Monetary authorities	depending on the entity that holds the instrument on its books.
Long-term			
General government			
Short-term	←	4.3.2 General government	
Long-term			
Monetary authorities (where relevant)			
Short-term			
Long-term			

BPM6 CHANGES IN TREATMENT OR CLASSIFICATIONS						
	IIP Items					
BPM6 International Investment Position:	Remapping		Comments on Change in Treatment or Clarification			
Standard Components and Selected Other Items		Standard Components and Additional				
		Detail				
Items in italic are supplementary		Items in italic are supplementary				
Currency and deposits (AF2O) (continued)	1	4.3 Currency and deposits				
Deposit-taking corporations, except the central bank	Ī					
Short-term	-	4.3.3 Banks				
Long-term						
Of which: Interbank positions (AF2210)						
Other sectors						
Short-term	•	4.3.4 Other sectors				
Long-term J	1					
Other financial corporations	Ī					
Short-term						
Long-term	1					
Nonfinancial corporations, households, and NPISHs	1					
Short-term						
Long-term						

Loans: General Comments

- * In BPM6, arrears are retained in the original asset / liability and identified as a memorandum item if related to exceptional financing (otherwise supplementary item). In BPM5, arrears are reclassified from the original asset / liability to short-term other assets / liabilities and requested as a supplementary item; see BPM6 5.99 5.102, BPM6 8.58 8.59, and BPM5 453, 528 529.
- * The conditions to reclassify traded loans as securities are clarified; see *BPM6 5. 45*. However, the impact is likely to be small. In *BPM6*, traded loans are valued at nominal value in the IIP, like other loans; see *BPM6 7.40*. In *BPM5*, they are recorded at transaction value by the creditor; see *BPM6 7.47*. While nominal value is the primary valuation method for nonnegotiable instruments in *BPM6*, memorandum and supplementary items are recorded to measure impaired loan assets; see *BPM6 7.45* and *7.48-7.53*.
- * In BPM6, a convention for the treatment of the activation of one-off guarantees and other debt assumption is included; see BPM6 8.42 8.45, 13.20, and Box 8.1.

Loans (AF4O)		4.2 Loans /Assets	
Central bank		4.2.1 Monetary authorities	* Guidance on positions with the IMF is provided in BPM6 Chapter 7, Annex 7.1.
Credit and loans with the IMF (other than			* In BPM5, only credit and loans from the Fund (i.e., liabilities of the reporting economy) are
reserves)			shown as standard components.
Other short-term	-	4.2.1.2 Short-term	* Under BPM6, credit and loans / assets with the Fund can be recorded either under general
Other long-term	◆ ··-·/-	4.2.1.1 Long-term	government or central bank, depending on the entity that holds the asset on its books (usually
General government		4.2.2 General government	central bank or ministry of finance).
Credit and loans with the IMF (other than			
reserves)			
Other short-term	√ //	4.2.2.2 Short-term	
Other long-term	★ ⁄··—··—	4.2.2.1 Long-term	
Monetary authorities (where relevant)			* In BPM6, the functional category of monetary authorities is supplementary. Credits and loans
Credit and loans with the IMF (other than			with the Fund need to be recorded as standard components either under central bank or general
reserves)			government, depending on the entity that holds the asset on its books (usually central bank or
Other short-term			ministry of finance).
Other long-term			
Deposit-taking corporations, except the central bank		4.2.3 Banks	
Short-term	•	4.2.3.2 Short-term	
Long-term		4.2.3.1 Long-term	
Other sectors]	4.2.4 Other sectors	
Short-term	-	4.2.4.2 Short-term	
Long-term	-	4.2.4.1 Long-term	

BPM6 CHANGES IN TREATMENT OR CLASSIFICATIONS					
		IIP Items			
BPM6 International Investment Position:	Remapping	BPM5 International Investment	Comments on Change in Treatment or Clarification		
Standard Components and Selected Other Items		Standard Components and Additional			
		Detail			
Items in italic are supplementary		Items in italic are supplementary			
Other financial corporations					
Short-term Short-term					
Long-term					
Nonfinancial corporations, households, and NPISHs					
Short-term					
Long-term					
Insurance, pension, and standardized guarantee schemes	: General Con	nments			

* In BPM6, for nonlife insurance, changes in insurance technical reserves consist of prepayments of insurance premiums and changes in outstanding claims. Similarly, for life insurance, pension funds, annuity funds, and standardized guarantee schemes, the changes in technical reserves due to transactions are recorded in the financial account and consist of amounts of the estimated obligations to beneficiaries and holders that were accrued during the period; see BPM6 8.46 - 8.49 and Appendix 6c. BPM5's definition of technical reserves is effectively the same as in BPM6 (see BPM5 257, footnote 6), with technical reserves recorded as separate additional detail in other investment / other assets/liabilities, where relevant; see BPM5 Table 7. In BPM6, provisions for calls under standardized guarantees are identified and treated similarly to insurance technical reserves; see BPM6 5.68. Standardized guarantees are not classified as financial assets / liabilities in BPM5.

Insurance, pension, and standardized guarantee schemes (AF6O)		4.4 Other assets (partly)	* In <i>BPM5</i> , positions arising from insurance, pension, and standardized guarantee schemes are not recorded separately in the IIP, but implicitly included in item 4.4. Other investment / other assets.
Central bank		4.4.1 Monetary authorities 4.4.1.2 Short-term 4.4.1.1 Long-term	* In BPM6, the functional category of monetary authorities is supplementary. Credits and loans with the Fund need to be recorded as standard components either under central bank or general government, depending on the entity that holds the asset on its books (usually central bank or
General government		- 4.4.2 General government 4.4.2.2 Short-term 4.4.2.1 Long-term	ministry of finance).
Monetary authorities (where relevant)	1		
Deposit-taking corporations, except central bank	-	4.4.3 Banks 4.4.3.2 Short-term 4.4.3.1 Long-term	
Other sectors	-	4.4.4 Other sectors	
Other financial corporations		4.4.4.2 Short-term	
Nonfinancial corporations, households, and NPISHs		4.4.4.1 Long-term	
Nonlife insurance technical reserves (AF610)			
Life insurance and annuity entitlements (AF620) Pension entitlements (AF630)			
Claims of pension funds on sponsors (AF640) Entitlements to nonpension benefits (AF650)			
Provisions for calls under standardized guarantees (AF660)			

Trade credit and advances: General Comments

- * In BPM6, the term Trade credit and advances replaces Trade credits from BPM5, while the definition is unchanged; see BPM6 5.70.
- * In BPM5, goods sent abroad for manufacturing services are included in Goods for processing and a simultaneous change of ownership is imputed in the financial account, except under certain conditions; see BPM5 199. In BPM6, these imputed entries are no longer needed; see BPM6 10.62 10.71.

Trade credit and advances (AF81O)	4.1 Trade credits	
	A. Assets	
Central bank		
Short-term		
Long-term		

BPM6 CHANGES IN TREATMENT OR CLASSIFICATIONS						
	IIP Items					
BPM6 International Investment Position:	Remapping	BPM5 International Investment	Comments on Change in Treatment or Clarification			
Standard Components and Selected Other Items		Standard Components and Additional				
		Detail				
Items in italic are supplementary		Items in italic are supplementary				
Trade credit & advances (AF810) (continued)		4.1 Trade credits				
General government		4.1.1 General government				
Short-term	4	4.1.1.2 Short-term				
Long-term	<u></u>	4.1.1.1 Long-term				
Monetary authorities (where relevant)			* In BPM5, trade credits are not requested as separate item for monetary authorities. In BPM6,			
Short-term			monetary authorities are requested as supplementary data where relevant.			
Long-term	1					
Deposit-taking corporations, except central bank			* In BPM5, trade credits are not requested as separate items for banks.			
Short-term						
Long-term						
Other sectors		4.1.2 Other sectors				
Short-term	•	4.1.2.2 Short-term				
Long-term	-	4.1.2.1 Long-term				
Other financial corporations						
Short-term						
Long-term						
Nonfinancial corporations, households, NPISHs	1					
Short-term						
Long-term						

Other accounts receivable / payable: General Comments

* The BPM5 items Other investment / other assets / other liabilities (as shown in BPM5 Table 9: Standard Components and Additional Detail) is a residual category. Additionally to the BPM6 items Other investment / other accounts receivable / payable, it includes (i) Net equity of households in life insurance reserves and in pension funds and Prepayments of premiums and reserves against outstanding claims; in BPM6, these BPM5 items are classified under Insurance, pension, and standardized guarantee schemes; (ii) Other investment / other equity; and (iii) other items that could not be classified elsewhere; under BPM6 these items are to be allocated to the appropriate financial instrument.

Other accounts receivable (AF89O) - other		4.4 Other assets (partly)	
Central bank		4.4.1 Monetary authorities	* In BPM6, the functional category of monetary authorities is supplementary. Credits and loans
Short-term	•	4.4.1.2 Short-term	with the Fund need to be recorded as standard components either under central bank or general
Long-term	4/-	4.4.1.1 Long-term	government, depending on the entity that holds the asset on its books (usually central bank or
General government		4.4.2 General government	ministry of finance).
Short-term	4//	4.4.2.2 Short-term	
Long-term		4.4.2.1 Long-term	
Monetary authorities (where relevant)			
Short-term			
Long-term			
Deposit-taking corporations, except central bank		4.4.3 Banks	
Short-term	•	4.4.3.2 Short-term	
Long-term	•	4.4.3.1 Long-term	
Other sectors		4.4.4 Other sectors	
Short-term	◀	4.4.4.2 Short-term	
Long-term	•	4.4.4.1 Long-term	
Other financial corporations			
Short-term			
Long-term			

BPM6 CHANGES IN TREATMENT OR CLASSIFICATIONS						
	IIP Items					
BPM6 International Investment Position:	Remapping	BPM5 International Investment	Comments on Change in Treatment or Clarification			
Standard Components and Selected Other Items		Standard Components and Additional				
		Detail				
Items in italic are supplementary		Items in italic are supplementary				
Other accounts receivable (AF89O) (continued)		4.4 Other assets (partly)				
Nonfinancial corporations, households, and NPISHs						
Short-term						
Long-term						

Reserve assets: General comments

- * Monetary gold. In BPM6, unlike BPM5, unallocated gold accounts held by monetary authorities with nonresidents for reserves purposes are included in monetary gold, which is broken down in gold bullion and unallocated gold accounts. Unallocated accounts in other precious metals held with nonresidents are included in currency and deposits; see BPM6 5.39 and 5.74 5.78. BPM6 gives an extensive explanation of the recording of gold swaps; see BPM6 6.82. The explanation is in line with the general principles of BPM5, although the latter is more concise; see BPM5 434.
- * In BPM6, the conditions under which net creditor positions in regional payment agreements can be included in reserve assets have been brought in line with the general principles of reserve assets and have thus become more restrictive; see BPM6 6.112 and BPM5 432.
- * Unlike BPM5, working balances of government agencies are not included in reserve assets in BPM6; see BPM6 6.112 and BPM5 433.
- * In BPM6, the treatment of pooled assets and assets in special purpose government funds are described consistent with the general principles of reserve assets; in BPM5 they are not described. The treatment of pledged assets in reserve assets is clarified; see BPM6 6.93, 6.99 and 6.107 6.109. BPM6 6.110 discusses the treatment of frozen assets that do not qualify as reserve assets.
- * Guidance on positions with the IMF is provided in BPM6 Chapter 7, Annex 7.1.

Reserve assets (AFR)		5. Reserve assets								
Monetary gold (AF11)	ॏ ←───	5.1 Monetary gold	* See Reserve assets, General comments: monetary gold.							
Gold bullion*6										
Unallocated gold accounts*6										
Of which: Monetary gold under swap for cash collateral										
Special drawing rights (AF12)	→	5.2 Special drawing rights								
Reserve position in the IMF	├ ──	5.3 Reserve position in the Fund								
Other reserve assets	1	5.4 Foreign exchange								
Currency and deposits	1	5.4.1 Currency and deposits								
Claims on monetary authorities	-	5.4.1.1 With monetary authorities								
Claims on other entities	- ♦.	5.4.1.2 With banks								
Securities	i i	5.4.2 Securities	* BPM6 explains that securities transferred under repos can either (i) be included as reserves							
Debt securities (AF3R)	7		assets with the loan incurred (if to a nonresident) reported as other investment / liabilities /							
Short-term (AF31R)	4 , \	5.4.2.3 Money market instruments loans (and classified as a memor	loans (and classified as a memorandum item under reserve-related liabilities); or (ii) excluded							
Long-term (AF32R)	√ \ \	- 5.4.2.2 Bonds and notes	from reserve assets and reclassified as portfolio investment; see BPM6 6.88 - 6.90. Securities							
Equity and investment fund shares (AF5R)					5.4.2.1 Equities	obtained as collateral under reverse repos result in legal, but not in economic ownership changing hands and so should not be included in the reserves (or portfolio) assets of the securities borrower; see <i>BPM6 5.54 and 7.58 - 7.59. BPM5</i> does not discuss the treatment of repo transactions in reserves assets.				
Of which: Securities under repo for cash collateral					1111	1111	111	1111	1111	1111
Financial derivatives (AF7R) *7	 "	5.4.3 Financial derivatives (net)								
Other claims		5.5 Other claims (partly)	* In <i>BPM5, Other claims</i> is a residual that covers part of currency and deposits and securities n.i.e.; see <i>BPM5 443</i> . In <i>BPM6</i> , Other claims includes loans to nonresident nondeposit-taking corporations, long-term loans to IMF Trust Accounts that are readily repayable, loans arising from a reverse repo (unless classified as deposits), and other financial assets not included elsewhere that fulfill the general principles of reserve assets; see <i>BPM6 6.92</i> .							

BPM6 CHANGES IN TREATMENT OR CLASSIFICATIONS IIP Items			
BPM6 International Investment Position: Standard Components and Selected Other Items	Remapping	BPM5 International Investment Standard Components and Additional Detail	Comments on Change in Treatment or Clarification
Items in italic are supplementary LIABILITIES		Items in italic are supplementary	
IIP General Comments: see above			
Direct investment General Comments: see Assets		<u></u>	
Direct investment (AFD)		1. Direct investment in reporting economy	
Equity and investment fund shares (AF5D)		1.1 Equity capital and reinvested earnings	* In BPM6, the title Equity capital and reinvested earnings of BPM5 is replaced by Equity and investment fund shares.
Direct investor in direct investment enterprises		1.1.2 Liabilities to direct investors	
Direct investment enterprises in direct investor	X		
(reverse investment)			
Between fellow enterprises			* In BPM5, fellow enterprises are not explicitly mentioned.
if ultimate controlling parent is resident		1. Direct investment abroad	
if ultimate controlling parent is nonresident		1.1 Equity capital and reinvested	
if ultimate controlling parent is unknown Of which: Investment fund shares or units (AF52D)	\	earnings 1.1.2 Liabilities to affiliated enterprises	
Of which: Money market fund shares or units (AF521D)		1.1.2 Liabilities to armiated enterprises	
Of which. Money market fund shares of units (Al 321D)		1. Direct investment in reporting economy	* In BPM6, the term Debt instruments replaces Other capital.
Debt instruments	†	1.2 Other capital	* As discussed above, in <i>BPM6</i> , all debt between selected types of affiliated financial
Direct investor in direct investment enterprises	—	1.2.2 Liabilities to direct investors	corporations is excluded from direct investment.
Direct investment enterprises in direct investor (reverse investment)			
Between fellow enterprises	\ <u>/</u> /		* In BPM5, fellow enterprises are not explicitly mentioned.
if ultimate controlling parent is resident	[,^\	1. Direct investment abroad"	
if ultimate controlling parent is nonresident	/ /	1.2 Other capital	
if ultimate controlling parent is unknown]/)	1.2.2 Liabilities to affiliated enterprises	* As discussed above, in <i>BPM6</i> , all debt between selected types of affiliated financial
Of which: Debt securities (AF3D):			corporations is excluded from direct investment.
Direct investor in direct investment enterprises			
Direct investment enterprises in direct investor	Γ		
(reverse investment) Between fellow enterprises	+		* In BPM5, fellow enterprises are not explicitly mentioned.
if ultimate controlling parent is resident	+		In Br.M.S., Tenow enterprises are not explicitly mentioned.
if ultimate controlling parent is resident			
if ultimate controlling parent is unknown			
Portfolio investment (AFP)	†	2. Portfolio investment B. Liabilities	* A treatment for short positions due to the onselling of borrowed securities is provided, unlike in <i>BPM5</i> ; see <i>BPM6</i> 7.28.
Equity and investment fund shares (AF5P)	†	2.1 Equity securities	
Deposit-taking corporations, except the central bank	-	2.1.1 Banks	
Other sectors		2.1.2 Other sectors	
Other financial corporations]		
Nonfinancial corporations, households, NPISHs			

BPM6 CHANGES IN TREATMENT OR CLASSIFICATIONS IIP Items			
BPM6 International Investment Position: Standard Components and Selected Other Items	Remapping	BPM5 International Investment Standard Components and Additional Detail	Comments on Change in Treatment or Clarification
Items in italic are supplementary Portfolio investment (AFP) (continued)		Items in italic are supplementary 2. Portfolio investment	
Equity securities other than investment fund shares or	†	2. I of trono investment	* A supplementary breakdown of equity securities other than investment fund shares (of which
units (AF51P)			listed / nonlisted) is included unlike in <i>BPM5</i> ; see <i>BPM6 5.24 - 5.27</i> .
Listed (AF511P)			
Unlisted (AF512P)	1		
Investment fund shares or units (AF52P) Of which: Money market fund shares or units (AF521P)			* Investment fund shares and money market fund shares are separately identified as supplementary items; see <i>BPM6 5.28 - 5.30</i> .
Debt securities: General Comments: see above		l	
Debt securities (AF3P)		2.2 Debt securities	
Central bank	†	2.2.2 Money market instruments	* In BPM6, the functional category of monetary authorities is supplementary, except for
Short-term		2.2.2.1 Monetary authorities	reserves assets. Where monetary authorities are supplementary, their transactions and positions
		2.2.1 Bonds and notes	need to be recorded as standard components under either central bank or general government,
Long-term	∢ ··	2.2.1.1 Monetary authorities	depending on the entity that holds the instrument on its books.
General government		2.2.2 Money market instruments	
Short-term	◄	2.2.2.2 General government	
		2.2.1 Bonds and notes	
Long-term	◆ ∕	2.2.1.2 General government	
Monetary authorities (where relevant)	Ī		
Short-term			
Long-term			
Deposit-taking corporations, except the central bank	Ī	2.2.2 Money market instruments	
Short-term	←	2.2.2.3 Banks	
		2.2.1 Bonds and notes	
Long-term	-	2.2.1.3 Banks	
Other sectors		2.2.2 Money market instruments	
Short-term	•	2.2.2.4 Other sectors	
		2.2.1 Bonds and notes	
Long-term	•	2.2.1.4 Other sectors	
Other financial corporations			
Nonfinancial corporations, households, and NPISHs			
Financial derivatives (other than reserves) and employees	tock options G		
Financial derivatives (other than reserves) and employee		3. Financial derivatives	
stock options (AF7F)*5	1_	B. Liabilities	
Central bank		3.1 Monetary authorities	* In BPM6, the functional category of monetary authorities is supplementary, except for
General government		3.2 General government	reserves assets. Where monetary authorities are supplementary, their transactions and positions
Monetary authorities (where relevant)			need to be recorded as standard components under either central bank or general government, depending on the entity that holds the instrument on its books.
Deposit-taking corporations, except the central bank	!	3.3 Banks	* Employee stock options (ESOs) are included with Financial derivatives in BPM6 and
Other sectors	 	3.4 Other sectors	recorded as a separate supplementary item if transactions in ESOs are significant; see BPM6
Other financial corporations	11		5.96 - 5.98 and BPM6 6.58.
Nonfinancial corporations, households, NPISHs			* In BPM6, supplementary additional breakdowns of financial derivatives are introduced; see
Financial derivatives (other than reserves) (AF71F)	1		BPM6 5.95.
Options (AF711F)	<i>i^{f.}</i>		
Forward-type contracts (AF712F)] / · ·		
Employee stock options (AF72)	ř		

BPM6 CHANGES IN TREATMENT OR CLASSIFICATIONS IIP Items			
BPM6 International Investment Position: Standard Components and Selected Other Items Items in italic are supplementary	Remapping	BPM5 International Investment Standard Components and Additional Detail Items in italic are supplementary	Comments on Change in Treatment or Clarification
Other investment (AFO)		4. Other investment	* BPM6 specifies all other investment instruments and does not have a residual item other
			investment / other liabilities as in BPM 5.
Other equity (AF5110)	4		* In <i>BPM6</i> , equity not included in direct investment and not in the form of securities is separately distinguished in Other investment / other equity; <i>see BPM6 5.26 - 5.27. BPM5</i> does not specify this kind of equity. In <i>BPM6</i> , capital subscriptions to international organizations is included in other equity, whereas <i>BPM5</i> includes these subscriptions in other assets / liabilities (see item 4.4 below).
Currency and Deposits General Comments: see Curre	ncy and Deposits	s Assets	
Currency and deposits (AF2O)		4.3 Currency and deposits	* Unlike BPM5, BPM6 distinguishes currency and deposits liability entries for general
		B. Liabilities	government and other sectors / other financial corporations.
Central bank			* In BPM6, the functional category of monetary authorities is supplementary, except for
Short-term	1	4.3.1 Monetary authorities	reserves assets. Where monetary authorities are supplementary, their transactions and position
Long-term	<u>J</u>		need to be recorded as standard components under either central bank or general government,
General government			depending on the entity that holds the instrument on its books.
Short-term			
Long-term	<u> </u>		
Monetary authorities (where relevant)			
Short-term			
Long-term	_		
Deposit-taking corporations, except the central bank		1000	
Short-term		4.3.2 Banks	
Long-term Of which: Interbank positions (AF2210)	,		
Other sectors	 		
Short-term			
Long-term			
Other financial corporations	-		
Short-term			
Long-term			
Loans General Comments: see Loans Assets	'		
Loans (AF4O)		4.2 Loans	
		B. Liabilities	
Central bank		4.2.1 Monetary authorities	* Guidance on positions with the IMF is provided in BPM6 Chapter 7, Ann ex 7.1.
Credit and loans with the IMF	• /	4.2.1.1 Use of Fund credit and	* Credit and loans with the Fund can be recorded either under general government or central
		loans from the Fund	bank, depending on the entity that holds the liability on its books (usually central bank or
Other short-term	* //	4.2.1.3 Short-term	ministry of finance).
Other long-term	 - -	4.2.1.2 Other long-term	-
General government		4.2.2 General government	
Credit and loans with the IMF		4.2.2.2.61	
Other short-term	<u></u>	4.2.2.2 Short-term	
Other long-term Monetary authorities (where relevant)		4.2.2.1 Long-term	* In PDM6 the functional entergory of monetons such smiting is supplied and an enterm Conditional and a supplied to the functional entergory of monetons and smiting is supplied to the functional entergory of monetons and smiting is supplied to the functional entergory of monetons and smiting is supplied to the functional entergory of monetons and smiting is supplied to the functional entergory of monetons and smiting is supplied to the functional entergory of monetons and the functional entergory of the functional entergo
Monetary authorities (where relevant) Credit and loans with the IMF			* In BPM6, the functional category of monetary authorities is supplementary. Credits and loan with the Fund need to be recorded either under central bank or general government, depending
Credit and loans with the IMF Other short-term			on the entity that holds the liability on its books (usually central bank or ministry of finance).
Other short-term Other long-term			on the charty that holds the hability on its books (usually central bank of himself of himself).
Other long-term			

	BF	M6 CHANGES IN TREATMENT OR C	CLASSIFICATIONS
BPM6 International Investment Position: Standard Components and Selected Other Items	Remapping	BPM5 International Investment Standard Components and Additional	Comments on Change in Treatment or Clarification
Items in italic are supplementary		Detail Items in italic are supplementary	
Loans (AF4O) (continued)		4.2 Loans	
Deposit-taking corporations, except the central bank	†	4.2.3 Banks	
Short-term		4.2.3.2 Short-term	
Long-term		4.2.3.1 Long-term	
Other sectors	†	4.2.4 Other sectors	
Short-term	•	4.2.4.2 Short-term	
Long-term	•	4.2.4.1 Long-term	
Other financial corporations	†		
Short-term			
Long-term			
Nonfinancial corporations, households, and NPISHs	†		
Short-term			
Long-term			
Insurance, pension, and standardized guarantee scheme	s General Com	ments: see Assets	
Insurance, pension, and standardized guarantee		4.4 Other liabilities (partly)	* In BPM5, positions arising from insurance, pension, and standardized guarantee schemes are
schemes (AF6O)		ciner mannes (pm uj)	not recorded separately in the IIP, but implicitly included in item 4.4. Other investment / other liabilities.
Central bank	├	4.4.1 Monetary authorities	* In BPM6, the functional category of monetary authorities is supplementary, except for
		4.4.1.2 Short-term	reserves assets. Where monetary authorities are supplementary, their transactions and position
		4.4.1.1 Long-term	need to be recorded as standard components under either central bank or general government,
General government	→	4.4.2 General government	depending on the entity that holds the instrument on its books.
		4.4.2.2 Short-term	
		4.4.2.1 Long-term	
Monetary authorities (where relevant)]		
Deposit-taking corporations, except the central bank	•	4.4.3 Banks	
		4.4.3.2 Short-term	
	<u> </u>	4.4.3.1 Long-term	
Other sectors	•	4.4.4 Other sectors	
Other financial corporations		4.4.4.2 Short-term	
Nonfinancial corporations, households, NPISHs		4.4.4.1 Long-term	
Nonlife insurance technical reserves (AF610)			
Life insurance and annuity entitlements (AF620)			
Pension entitlements (AF630)			
Claims of pension funds on sponsors (AF64O)			
Entitlements to nonpension benefits (AF650)			
Provisions for calls under standardized guarantees (AF66O)			
Trade credit and advances General Comments: see Asse	ets		
Trade credit and advances (AF81O)		4.1 Trade credits B. Liabilities	
Central bank	7		* In BPM5, trade credits are not requested as separate items for the central bank. In BPM6,
Short-term			Monetary authorities are requested as supplementary data where relevant.
Long-term			

BPM6 CHANGES IN TREATMENT OR CLASSIFICATIONS				
IIP Items				
BPM6 International Investment Position:	Remapping	BPM5 International Investment	Comments on Change in Treatment or Clarification	
Standard Components and Selected Other Items		Standard Components and Additional Detail		
Items in italic are supplementary		Items in italic are supplementary		
Trade credit and advances (AF810) (continued)		4.1 Trade credits		
		B. Liabilities		
General government	_	4.1.1 General government		
Short-term	•	4.1.1.2 Short-term		
Long-term	•	4.1.1.1 Long-term		
Monetary authorities (where relevant)		_	* In BPM5, trade credits are not requested as separate item for monetary authorities. In BPM6,	
Short-term			monetary authorities are requested as supplementary data where relevant.	
Long-term				
Deposit-taking corporations, except central bank			* In BPM5, trade credits are not requested as separate items for banks.	
Short-term				
Long-term	1			
Other sectors		4.1.2 Other sectors		
Short-term	-	4.1.2.2 Short-term		
Long-term	_	4.1.2.1 Long-term		
Other financial corporations				
Short-term				
Long-term				
Nonfinancial corporations, households, and NPISHs				
Short-term				
Long-term				
Other accounts payable - other liabilities General Comm	ents: see Asset	ts		
Other accounts payable (AF89O) - other		4.4 Other liabilities (partly)		
liabilities	<u> </u>			
Central bank		4.4.1 Monetary authorities	* In BPM6, the functional category of monetary authorities is supplementary, except for	
Short-term		4.4.1.2 Short-term	reserves assets. Where monetary authorities are supplementary, their transactions and positions	
Long-term	•	4.4.1.1 Long-term	need to be recorded as standard components under either central bank or general government, depending on the entity that holds the instrument on its books.	
General government		4.4.2 General government	depending on the entity that holds the histrament on its books.	
Short-term		4.4.2.2 Short-term		
Long-term	F	4.4.2.1 Long-term		
Monetary authorities (where relevant)				
Short-term				
Long-term	4	4.4.3 Banks		
Deposit-taking corporations, except the central bank		4.4.3 Banks 4.4.3.2 Short-term		
Short-term Long-term		4.4.3.1 Long-term		
Other sectors		4.4.4 Other sectors		
Short-term	-	4.4.4.2 Short-term		
Long-term		4.4.4.1 Long-term		
Other financial corporations	1	T.T.T.I LONG-COM		
Short-term				
Long-term				
Nonfinancial corporations, households, and NPISHs	†			
Short-term				
Long-term				
Long-term	1		l	

BPM6 CHANGES IN TREATMENT OR CLASSIFICATIONS			
IIP Items			
BPM6 International Investment Position: Remapping BPM5 International Investment Comments on Change in Treatment o			Comments on Change in Treatment or Clarification
Standard Components and Selected Other Items		Standard Components and Additional	
		Detail	
Items in italic are supplementary		Items in italic are supplementary	
Special drawing rights (AF12)			* In BPM6, the allocation of SDRs to IMF members is recorded as an incurrence of a liability;
			see BPM6 8.50. In BPM5, the allocation of SDRs is not recognized as a liability; see BPM5
			440.
Reserve-related liabilities (memorandum item)	İ		* In BPM6, reserve-related liabilities are introduced as memorandum items to the IIP; see
			BPM6 6.115 - 6.116 and Box 6.5.

^{*5} Preferably assets and liabilities reported separately, but otherwise a net figure for liabilities less assets, included, by convention, under assets.

^{*6} If available for publication.

^{*7} Assets and liabilities combined and reported as a net figure for assets less liabilities, included under assets.